

POWER-ZONE® Load Center Unit Substations

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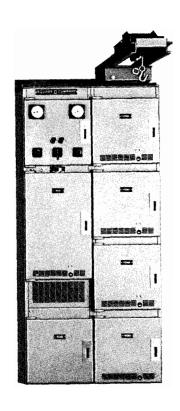




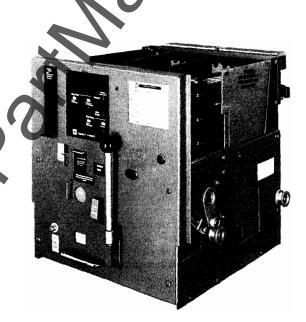
LOW VOLTAGE DISTRIBUTION SECTIONS **APPLICATION DATA**

POWER CIRCUIT BREAKER DRAWOUT SWITCHGEAR





- METAL ENCLOSED DRAWOUT CONSTRUCTION
- STORED ENERGY BREAKER MECHANISM ELECTRICALLY OPERATED
- 800, 1,600, 2,000, 3,200, AND 4,000 A. FRAMES
- •ADJUSTABLE SOLID STATE TRIP DEVICES
 •INTERRUPTING RATINGS TO 85,000 A. SYM.
- INTEGRALLY-MOUNTED CURRENT LIMITERS FOR 200,000 A. INTERRUPTING CAPACITY



CONSTRUCTION

The low voltage distribution section of many POWER-ZONE LOAD CENTER UNIT SUBSTATIONS consists of low voltage power circuit breaker drawout switchgear which provides a combination of the most modern circuit breaker devices with flexible structure design to offer the maximum in system protection to most low voltage distribution requirements. The self-powered fully adjustable solid state trip devices utilized in the circuit breaker elements provide completely coordinated over current and short circuit protection with the availability of narrow trip bands, selective tripping, and integrally mounted ground fault protection.

The structure is completely compartmentized to isolate each circuit breaker in its own cell. A full height load side rear cable compartment eliminates the need for pull boxes and may be optionally isolated from the bus compartment in front of it. Standardized busing provides most of the common low voltage distribution busing arrangements and is equipped for future extension. Cable or busway connections are easily made out the top, bottom, or other locaequired.

ACCESSORIES

Standard accessories easily provided are: secondary metering, including transformers, feeder metering, electrical, mechanical, and key interlocking, breaker element lifting device, and an array of tripping and auxiliary functions available on the breaker elements. For detailed descriptive and rating information, see Catalog Class 6030.



LOW VOLTAGE DISTRIBUTION SECTIONS APPLICATION DATA

MOLDED CASE DRAWOUT SWITCHBOARDS TYPE MCDO II

UTILIZES TYPE SE SOLID STATE TRIP CIRCUIT BREAKERS

- -100% CONTINUOUS DUTY RATED
- -7 FUNCTION ADJUSTABLE SOLID STATE TRIP DEVICE
- STORED ENERGY MECHANISM, MANUALLY OR **ELECTRICALLY OPERATED**
- INTERRUPTING RATINGS TO 150,000 AMPERES SYMMETRICAL
- INTEGRAL ZONE SELECTIVE INTERLOCKING AVAILABLE
- MAXIMUM 5 CYCLE CLOSING

Power Zone® Load Center Unit Substation may contain Powerstyle MCDO II Switchboards. Utilizing type SE, stored energy, solid state, circuit breakers they represent the most advanced individually mounted circuit breaker distribution switchboard design available. MCDO II switchboards offer the user many safety features, minimum down-time, system selectivity, ease of maintenance and expansion of functional capacity.

Functional and operational benefits are:

Safety Features — Compartmentalized and barriered construction assures protection to equipment and erating personnel even under severe short circuit conditions.

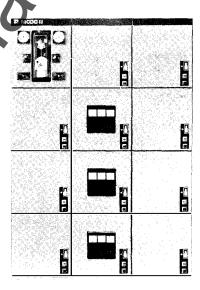
Minimum Down-Time — Drawout construction allows quick and simple replacement of breaker elements. Breakers may be removed from low priority circuits and re-installed to serve high priority circuits

System Selectivity — The solid state trip device provided on each SE circuit breaker is field adjustable, enabling the user to attain optimum selectivity and coordination.

MAIN BUS RATINGS TO 3,000A. LORES™ PLUG IN LINE AND LOAD CONNECTIONS TRUE DRAWOUT ASSEMBLIES COMPARTMENTALIZED CONSTRUCTION UL LABELED

CONSTRUCTION

All front accessible circuit breaker compartments are completely metal enclosed. The type SE circuit breakers may be operated, with the compartment door closed, by



mechanically linked trip and close pushbuttons. Hinge pins permit easy door removal if desired.

The breaker compartment provides for three positions of the removable element; connected, test/disconnected and remove. In the connected position both primary and secondary disconnecting devices are engaged the circuit breaker is ready for operation. The test/disconnected position permits the secondary control contacts to be engaged while the primary line and load connections are disengaged. In the remove position the breaker may be withdrawn from its compartment. The compartment door may be closed and latched with the removable breaker element in any one of the above positions. The primary line and load breaker stabs are connected to the bus utilizing LoRes connectors (refer to the description on page 10). All cable terminations are located in a rear accessible cable compartment.

LOW VOLTAGE DISTRIBUTION SECTIONS APPLICATION DATA

MOLDED CASE DRAWOUT SWITCHBOARDS TYPE MCDO

- **•CURRENT RATINGS TO 4,000 AMPERES**
- ·LORES PLUG-IN LINE, LOAD CONSTRUCTION
- ·CIRCUIT BREAKERS INDIVIDUALLY MOUNTED
- ·LOAD SIDE LUGS EXTENDED TO BARRIERED REAR COMPARTMENTS
- **•TRIP ON REMOVAL MECHANICAL INTERLOCK**

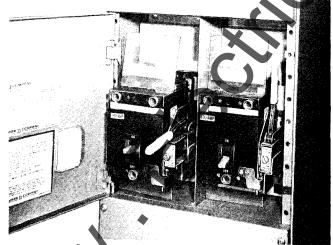
POWER-ZONE® Load Center Unit Substations containing POWER-STYLE Switchboards Type MCDO represent the most advanced individually mounted circuit breaker distribution switchboard design available. All circuit breaker branches are compartmentalized and drawout mounted. Inspection of the circuit breaker compartments will reveal no exposed current carrying parts. The mechanically interlocked drawout unit will trip an energized circuit breaker if personnel attempt to remove it.

Type MCDO is a front and rear accessible switchboard design. (Rear access is required to make load side cable connections.) Factory assembled per customer specifications. Type MCDO Switchboards can accommodate the Square D line of molded case thermal-magnetic, current limiting and solid state trip circuit breakers,

Type MCDO Switchboards are available in through bus ratings through 4000 amperes. Type MCDO can be combined with other POWER-STYLE main or distribution sections offering the flexibility to meet most low voltage distribution requirements.

CONSTRUCTION

All front accessible circuit breaker compartments are completely metal enclosed. The circuit breaker operating handles extend through cut-outs on the hinged cover doors. Hinge pins permit easy removal of the door if desired.



TWIN MOUNTED CIRCUIT BREAKERS IN INDIVIDUAL COMPARTMENTS

Both the stationary and drawout bus connectors use copper or high tensile strength electrical grade aluminum extrusions. The removable drawout stabs are slotted and fitted

- ·ALL BRANCH CIRCUIT BREAKERS RATCHET IN & OUT
- **•COMPARTMENTALIZED CONSTRUCTION**
- ·UL LABELED
- STANDARD BRACING 100,000 AMPERES
- ·ISOLATED VERTICAL & HORIZONTAL BUS

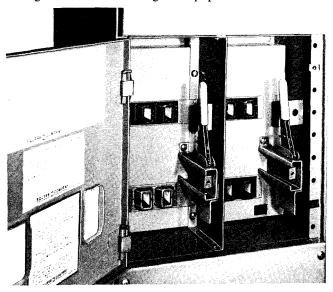
with LoRes connectors. These connectors keep insertion force to a minimum and maintain low heat rise characteristics. The spring connectors on the removable stab are readily visible for routine field inspection. This

JUNE, 1984



revolutionary new connection eliminates the historical problems associated with "Spring Connectors." The one piece copper and aluminum extrusions have been designed and verified through extensive short circuit current testing to retain their mechanical integrity under high level fault current conditions.

A ratchet mechanism and rails are provided as standard with all circuit breakers. Use of the ratchet mechanism assures smooth, safe, and positive removal or insertion of the circuit breaker. The rail supports the circuit breaker while the ratchet clears the drawout stags from the stationary assembly. All drawout assemblies are provided with a mechanical interlock that will activate the trip bar within the circuit breaker when it is not completely racked in and fully engaged. This feature helps protect personnel and equipment from the hazards of electrical shock or burn during the removal of energized equipment.



STATIONARY BUS CONNECTORS AND DRAWOUT ASSEMBLY RAIL SUPPORTS

LOW VOLTAGE DISTRIBUTION SECTIONS APPLICATION DATA

MOLDED CASE CIRCUIT BREAKERS

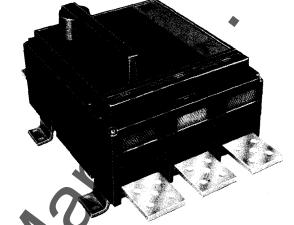
- •15 THROUGH 4,000 AMPERE RATING
- INTERRUPTING RATINGS TO 200,000 A. SYMMETRICAL
- · POSITIVE INDICATING TRIP FREE MECHANISMS
- *STANDARD THERMAL MAGNETIC, I-75,000TM HIGH INTERRUPTING CAPACITY, CURRENT LIMITING OR SOLID STATE TRIP CIRCUIT BREAKERS
- GROUP-MOUNTED PLUG-ON I-LINE ARRANGEMENT THROUGH 800 AMPERE RATINGS
- ·INDIVIDUALLY MOUNTED DRAW-OUT MCDO CONSTRUCTION







LA, 250-400 A.



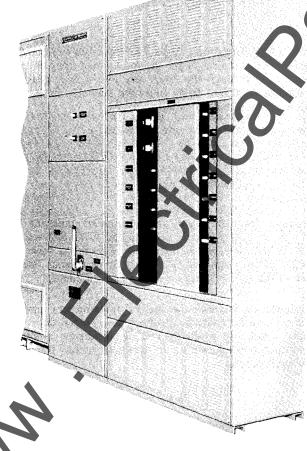
PA, 600-2,000 A.



IK, 110-225 A.



FA, 15-100 A.



Power-Zone® Load Center Unit Substation's offer the flexibility and reliability of the Power-Style switchboard product line. Versatility is achieved by offering a complete line of circuit breaker and fusible over-current protection devices, metering, automatic transfer switches and relaying devices. This equipment is designed to meet the latest UL short circuit current requirements. For additional information see Catalog Class 2700, 2760 and 2770.

The circuit breaker line includes thermal magnetic (standard and high interrupting), current limiting, solid state trip and systems power circuit breakers. These circuit breakers can be group mounted utilizing I-Line construction or individually mounted in draw-out type MCDO construction through 800 amperes. Separately mounted circuit breakers up to 4,000 amperes completes the line of available devices.

LOW VOLTAGE DISTRIBUTION SECTION CONTAINING I-LINE GROUP MOUNTED MOLDED CASE CIRCUIT BREAKERS



JUNE, 1984

TABLE 1
APPLICATION DATA

SECONDARY FULL LOAD AND SHORT CIRCUIT CURRENTS

				SEC	CONDAI	RY DIS	TRIBUTI	ON VO	LTAGE ·	— 3 PH	ASE		
Trans- former	Available		208		}	240			480			60₽	
Rating 3Ø kVA (%Z) ◆	Primary Short Circuit	Normal	Short C	ircult†¶⑤ ym. Amps.	Normal		Circuit† ym. Amps.	Normal		Circuit† ym. Amps.	Normal		Circuit†
1	kVA	Load Cont. Amps.	Transf. Alone	Plus 50% Motor Load	Load Cont. Amps.	Transf. Alone	Plus 100% Motor Load	Load Cont. Amps.	Transf. Alone	Plus 100% Motor Load	Cont. Amps.	Transf. Alone	Plus 100% Motor Load
225 (4.5%)	50,000 100,000 150,000 250,000 500,000 Unlimited	625	12,616 13,217 13,430 13,606 13,741 13,878	13,866 14,467 14,680 14,856 14,990 15,128	542	10,934 11,455 11,640 11,792 11,909 12,028	13,100 13,620 13,805 13,957 14,074 14,193	271	5,467 5,727 5,820 5,896 5,954 6,014	6,550 6,810 6,903 6,979 7,037 7,097	217	4,373 4,582 4,656 4,716 4,763 4,811	5,240 5,448 5,522 5,583 5,630 5,677
300 (4.5%)	50,000 100,000 150,000 250,000 500,000 Unlimited	833	16,327 17,348 17,717 18,024 18,261 18,504	17,993 19,014 19,383 19,690 19,927 20,170	722	14,150 15,035 15,355 15,620 15,826 16,037	17,037 17,922 18,242 18,508 18,713 18,924	361	7,075 7,517 7,677 7,810 7,913 8,018	8,519 8,961 9,121 9,254 9,357 9,462	289	5,660 6,014 6,142 6,248 6,330 6,415	6,815 7,169 7,297 7,403 7,485 7,570
500 (5.0%)	50,000 100,000 150,000 250,000 500,000 Unlimited	1388	23,131 25,233 26,022 26,689 27,212 27,757	25,907 28,010 28,798 29,465 29,989 30,533	1203	20,046 21,869 22,552 23,131 23,584 24,056	24,858 26,681 27,364 27,942 28,396 28,868	602	10,023 10,934 11,276 11,565 11,792 12,028	12,429 13,340 13,682 13,971 14,198 14,434	482	8,018 8,747 9,021 9,252 9,433 9,622	9,943 10,672 10,946 11,177 11,358 11,547
750 863* 1000* 1125* (5.75%)	50,000 100,000 150,000 250,000 500,000 Unlimited	2082 2395* 2776* 3120*	28,714 32,027 33,308 34,409 35,284 36,205	32,878 36,191 37,472 38,573 39,448 40,369	1805 2075 2406* 2706*	24,885 27,757 28,867 29,821 30,579 31,377	32,103 34,974 36,084 37,039 37,797 38,595	903 1038* 1203* 1353*	12,442 13,878 14,433 14,910 15,289 15,688	16,051 17,487 18,042 18,519 18,898 19,297	722 831* 963* 1083*	9,954 11,102 11,547 11,928 12,231 12,551	12,841 13,990 14,434 14,815 15,119 15,438
1000 1150* 1333* 1500* (5.75%)	50,000 100,000 150,000 250,000 500,000 Unlimited	2776 3193* 3702* 4164*	35,815 41,121 43,258 45,133 46,650 48,273	41,367 46,673 48,809 50,685 52,202 53,825	2406 2767* 3208* 3609*	31,040 35,638 37,490 39,115 40,430 41,836	40,663 45,261 47,113 48,738 50,053 51,459	1203 1384* 1604* 1805*	15,520 17,819 18,745 19,557 20,215 20,918	20,331 22,631 23,556 24,369 25,027 25,730	963 1107* 1284* 1443*	12,416 14,255 14,996 15,646 16,172 16,734	16,265 18,105 18,845 19,495 20,021 20,584
1500 1725* 2000* 2250* (5.75%)	50,000 100,000 150,000 250,000 500,000 Unlimited	4164 4789* 5552* 6246*	47,583 57,428 61,682 65,568 68,819 72,410	55,911 65,756 70,010 73,895 77,147 80,737	3609 4150* 4812* 5414*	41,239 49,771 53,458 56,825 59,643 62,755	55,673 64,205 67,892 71,260 74,077 77,189	1805 2075* 2406* 2706*	20,619 24,885 26,729 28,412 29,821 31,377	27,837 32,103 33,946 35,630 37,039 38,595	1444 1660* 1925* 2165*	16,495 19,908 21,383 22,730 23,857 25,102	22,269 25,682 27,157 28,504 29,631 30,876
2000 2300* 2667* 3000* (5.75%)	50,000 100,000 150,000 250,900 500,000 Unlimited	5552 6385* 7403* 8328*	56,937 71,631 78,373 84,754 90,267 96,548	68,041 82,734 89,476 95,858 101,370 107,650	4812 5534* 6416* 7217*	49,346 62,080 67,923 73,454 78,231 83,673	68,591 81,326 87,169 92,699 97,477 102,919	2406 2767* 3208* 3609*	24,673 31,040 33,961 36,727 39,115 41,836	34,296 40,663 43,584 46,350 48,738 51,459	1925 2214* 2567* 2888*	19,738 24,832 27,169 29,381 31,292 33,469	27,436 32,530 34,867 37,080 38,991 41,168

GENERAL INFORMATION



TABLE 1 APPLICATION DATA

SECONDARY FULL LOAD AND SHORT CIRCUIT CURRENTS

				SE	CONDA	RY DIS	TRIBUTIO	ON VOL	TAGE -	3 PHA	ASE		
Trans- former	Available Primary		208			240			480			600	
Rating 3Ø kVA (%Z) ◆	Short Circuit	Normal	Short C	ircuit†(36) m. Amps.	Normal		Circuit† m. Amps.	Normal		Circuit† m. Amps.	Normal		Circuit† m. Amps.
0	kVA	Load Cont. Amps.	Transf. Alone	Plus 50% Motor Load	Load Cont. Amps.	Transf. Alone	Plus 100% Motor Load	Load Cont. Amps.	Transf. Alone	Plus 100% Motor Load	Cont. Amps.	Transf. Alone	Plus 100% Motor Load
2500 3125* 3333* 3750*	50,000 100,000 150,000 250,000 500,000	6940 8675* 9253* 10410*	64,551 84,112 93,563 102,804 111,028	, , , , ,	6015 7518* 8019* 9021*	55,944 72,897 81,088 89,097 96,225	80,001 96,954 105,145 113,154 120,281	3008 3759* 4010* 4511*	27,972 36,448 40,544 44,548 48,112	40,001 48,477 52,572 56,577 60,141	2406 3008* 3208* 3609*	22,377 29,159 32,435 35,638 38,490	32,000 38,782 42,058 45,261 48,113
(5.75%)	Unlimited		-	134,562		104,592	128,649		52,296	64,324		41,836	51,459
3000 3750* 4000* 4500* (5.75%)	50,000 100,000 150,000 250,000 500,000 Unlimited	8328 10410* 11104* 12491*	70,869 95,167 107,447 119,815 131,136 144,820	87,524 111,822 124,102 136,470 147,791 161,475	7217 9022* 9623* 10826*	61,420 82,478 93,121 103,839 113,651 125,510	90,288 111,346 121,989 132,707 142,519 154,378	3609 4511* 4812† 5413*	30,710 41,239 46,560 51,919 56,825 62,755	45,144 55,673 60,994 66,354 71,260 77,189	2887 3609* 3850* 4331*	24,568 32,991 37,248 41,535 45,460 50,204	36,115 44,538 48,795 53,083 57,008 61,751
3750 5625* (7.0%) [©]	50,000 100,000 150,000 250,000 500,000 Unlimited	10409 15614*	71,785 76,827 109,567 122,458 134,309 148,699	92,604 117,645 130,386 143,276 155,127 169,517	9022 13532*	106,130	98,299 120,002 131,043 142,215 152,486 164,957	4511 6767*	31,107 41,958 47,479 53,065 58,200 64,436	49,149 60,001 65,552 71,107 76,243 82,479	3609 5413*	24,885 33,566 37,983 42,452 46,560 51,549	39,320 48,001 52,417 56,886 60,994 65,983
3750 5625* (7.5%) ³	50,000 100,000 150,000 250,000 500,000 Unlimited	10409 15614*	69,393 92,524 104,089 115,655 126,169 138,786	90,211 113,342 124,908 136,473 146,987 159,604	9022 13532	60,140 80,187 90,210 100,234 109,346 120,281	96,225 116,272 126,295 136,319 145,431 156,366	4511 6767*	30,070 40,093 45,105 50,117 54,673 60,140	48,113 58,136 63,148 68,159 72,716 78,183	3609 5413*	24,056 32,075 36,084 40,093 43,738 48,112	38,490 46,509 50,518 54,528 58,172 62,546
5000 7500* (7.0%)@	50,000 100,000 150,000 250,000 500,000 Unlimited	13879 20819*	134,309	109,396 143,412 162,066 181,964 201,240 226,023	12029 18043*	70,753 100,234 116,401 133,645 150,351 171,830	118,866 148,347 164,514 181,758 198,464 219,943	6015 9022*	35,376 50,117 58,200 66,822 75,175 85,915	59,433 74,173 82,257 90,879 99,232 109,971	4812 7218*	28,301 40,093 46,560 53,458 60,140 68,732	47,546 59,339 65,806 72,703 79,386 87,977
5000 7500* (7.5%)3	50,000 100,000 150,000 250,000 500,000 Unlimited	1387 9 20819*	79,306 111,028 128,110 146,090 163,277 185,048	107,064 138,786 155,867 173,848 191,035 212,805	12029 18043*	68,732 96,225 111,028 126,611 141,507 160,375	116,845 144,338 159,141 174,724 189,620 208,488	6015 9022*	34,366 48,112 55,514 63,305 70,753 80,187	58,422 72,169 79,571 87,362 94,810 104,244	4812 7218*	27,492 38,490 44,411 50,644 56,602 64,150	46,738 57,735 63,657 69,890 75,848 83,395

① Forced Air cooled (FA) transformer ratings (denoted by an *) based on:

Based on standard self-cooled ratings, short circuit currents are calculated by dividing transformer full load current by the sum of transformer and system in pedance expressed per unit; motor contribution assumed 4 times full load current (2 times on 208 volts). Applies when power factor of 15% or greater (X/R—6.5); if less, check asymmetrical ratings of secondary distribution devices used — see appropriate catalog sections for ratings. NOTE: Ampacities over 4000 A. max. present secondary bus complications. Consult local Square D field office.



a) 115% of the self-cooled kVA rating for 750-2000kVA liquid-filled transformers;

c) 133% of the self-cooled kVA rating for Sorgel dry type transformers;

b) 125% of the self-cooled kVA rating for 2500 and 3000kVA liquid-filled transformers;

d) 150% of the self-cooled kVA rating for 3750 and 5000kVA Power Cast transformers

② Nominal %Z for Power Cast transformers with less than 25kV rated primary voltage. ③ Nominal %Z for Power Cast transformers with 34.5kV and 25kV rated primary voltage.

⁽a) Short-circuit currents are calculated by dividing the transformer self-cooled secondary full load current by the arithmetic sum of the transformer and primary system impedances (assumes transformer X/R identical to primary system X/R). Vectorial addition of these impedances would produce slightly higher short-circuit current values. Motor contribution to the short circuit amperes based on 4 times the motor full load current (assumes average motor impedance of 25%). Motor full load current assumed to be 50% at 208V or 100% at 240V and above of the transformer self-cooled rated full load amperes.
(b) Short-circuit values are based on the nominal percent impedance (%Z) shown. Per NEMA and ANSI standards, actual %Z may vary ±7.5% due to manufacturing tolerances. If desired to account for a minimum tolerance, multiply the "Transformer Alone" short-circuit values by 1.081.

Per cent impedance (%Z) may vary for different types of transformers of the same rating.

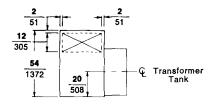
JUNE, 1984

(APPROXIMATE DIMENSIONS—NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION)

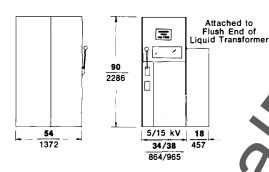
5 & 15 kV

HVL SWITCH CONNECTING TO LIQUID TRANSFORMER

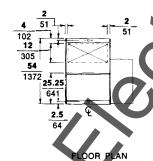
Indoor Equipment



TOP VIEW

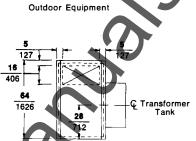


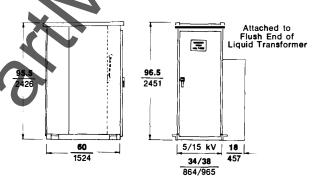
LEFT END ELEVATION



Approximate Weight: 5 kV 1300 lbs./589.7 kg 15 kV 1450 lbs./657.7 kg

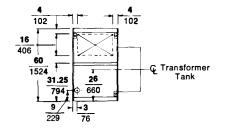
HVL SWITCH CONNECTING TO LIQUID TRANSFORMER





LEFT END ELEVATION

FRONT ELEVATION



FLOOR PLAN

Approximate Weight: 5 kV 1500 lbs./680.0 kg 15 kV 1650 lbs./748.4 kg

Represents Suggested Conduit Entrance Area

Represents Suggested Conduit Entrance Area for Strip Heater Control Power Source

Dual Dimensions: INCHES
Millimeters

CLASS 6020

(APPROXIMATE DIMENSIONS — NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION)

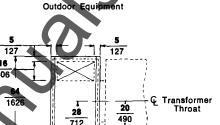
5 & 15 kV

HVL SWITCH CONNECTING TO CAST RESIN TRANSFORMER

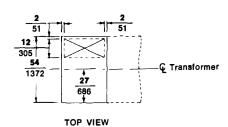
Indoor Equipment

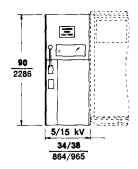
RESIN TRANSFORMER

HVL SWITCH CONNECTING TO CAST RESIN TRANSFORMER

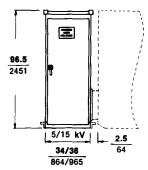


TOP VIEW

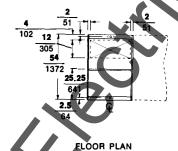




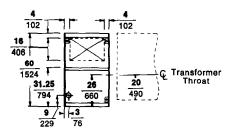
FRONT ELEVATION



FRONT ELEVATION



Approximate Weight: 5 kV 1200 lbs./544.3 kg 5 kV 1350 lbs./612.4 kg



FLOOR PLAN

Approximate Weight: 5 kV 1400 lbs./635.0 kg 15 kV 1550 lbs./703.0 kg

Represents Suggested Conduit Entrance Area

Represents Suggested Conduit Entrance Area for Strip Heater Control Power Source

Dual Dimensions: INCHES Millimeters

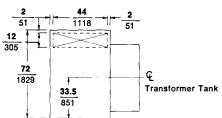
JUNE, 1984

(APPROXIMATE DIMENSIONS — NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION)

INDOOR EQUIPMENT

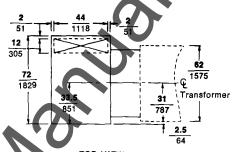
25 kV



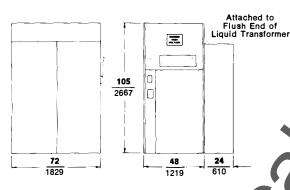


TOP VIEW

HVL SWITCH CONNECTING TO CAST RESIN TRANSFORMER

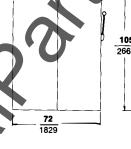


TOP VIEW

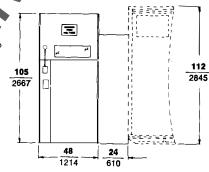


LEFT END ELEVATION

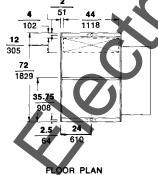
FRONT ELEVATION



LEFT END ELEVATION



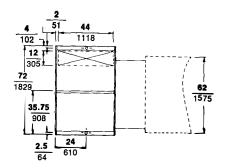
FRONT ELEVATION



Approximate Weight: 2200 lbs./997.9 kg



Dual Dimensions: INCHES
Millimeters

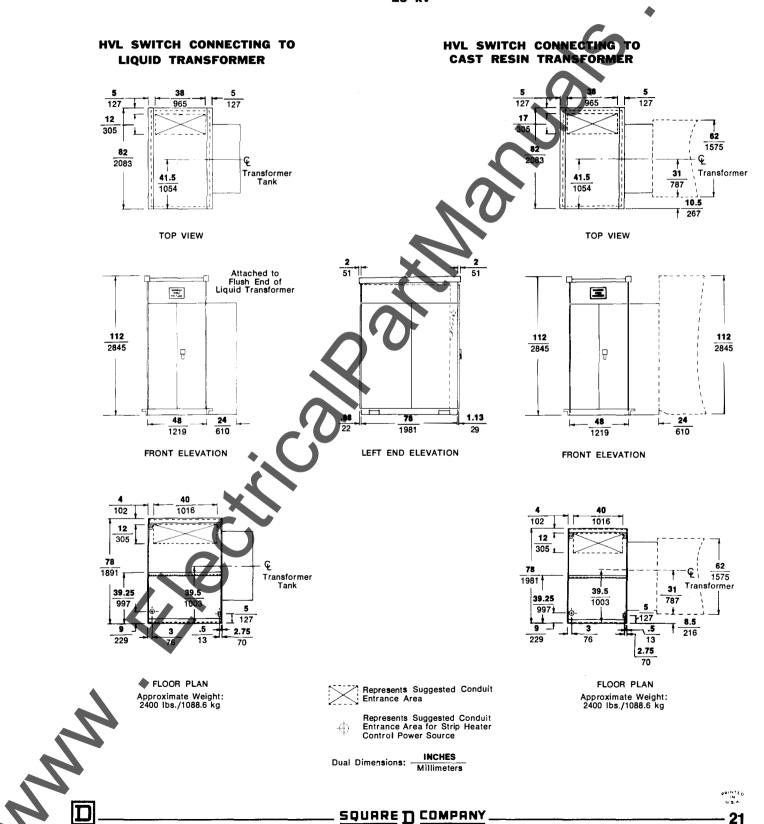


FLOOR PLAN Approximate Weight: 2200 lbs./997.9 kg

(APPROXIMATE DIMENSIONS — NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION)

OUTDOOR EQUIPMENT

25 kV



6020

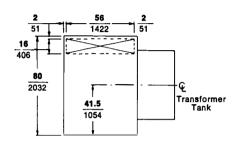
JUNE, 1984

(APPROXIMATE DIMENSIONS — NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION)

INDOOR EQUIPMENT

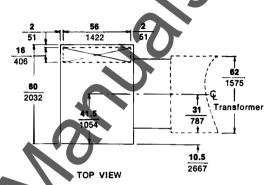
38 kV

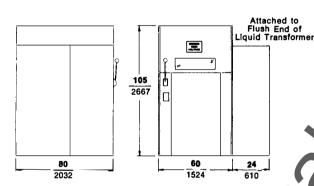
HVL SWITCH CONNECTING TO LIQUID TRANSFORMER



TOP VIEW

HVL SWITCH CONNECTING TO CAST RESIN TRANSFORMER



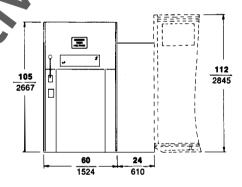


LEFT END ELEVATION

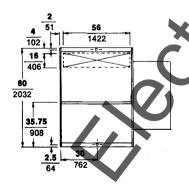
FRONT ELEVATION

80 2032

LEFT END ELEVATION

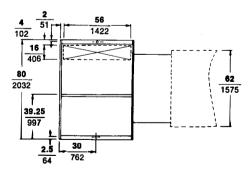


FRONT ELEVATION



FLOOR PLAN

Approximate Weight: 2450 lbs./1111.3 kg



FLOOR PLAN

Approximate Weight: 2450 lbs./1111.3 kg

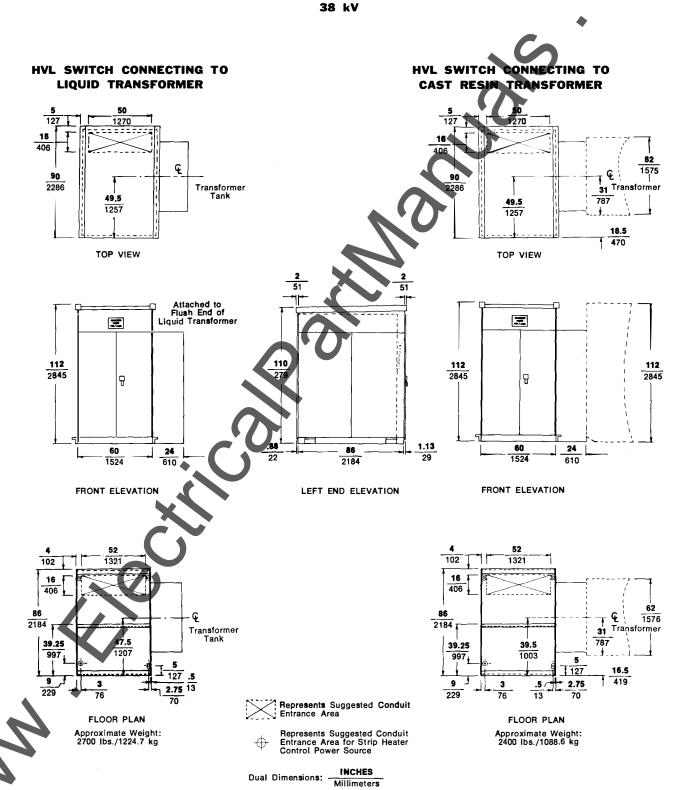


Dual Dimensions: INCHES Millimeters

CLASS 6020

(APPROXIMATE DIMENSIONS — NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION)

OUTDOOR EQUIPMENT

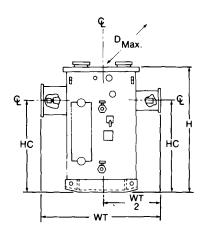




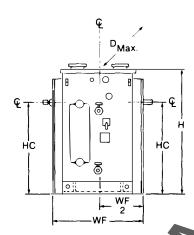
JUNE, 1984

DIMENSIONS (APPROXIMATE DIMENSIONS—NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION)

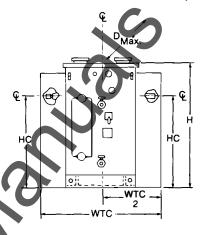
> LIQUID FILLED TRANSFORMER (MINERAL OIL) 5 kV and 15kV



TRANSFORMER WITH HIGH AND LOW VOLTAGE THROATS



TRANSFORMER WITH HIGH AND LOW VOLTAGE FLUSH END



TRANSFORMER WITH HIGH AND LOW VOLTAGE FULL HEIGHT TERMINAL CHAMBERS

-Depth —Depth —Front to Hear
—Depth —Front to Center Line of Transformer Tan
—Height —Floor to Max. Height
—Height —Floor to Electrical Connection Point
—Width —Throat to Throat Overall
—Width —Flush End to Flush End Overall
—Width —Terminal Chamber to Terminal Chamber Transformer Tank

Dimensions are based on 3-phase, oil-filled transformers 65°C. secondary volts 600 V maximum with Delta-Delta, Delta wye or v with NEMA standard taps and accessories, primary volts 13.8KV maximum,

TRANSFORMER DIMENSIONAL DATA OÌL

5,000 and 15,000 Volt Class

					Width							Height					De	pth		Weight		
KVA Rating	٧	۷F	w	F/2	١	WF	W	F/2	w	TC	wt	C/2	нс н			D DT			Т	7		
	IN.	mm	IN.	mm	IN.	mm	IN.	mm	IN.	mm	IN.	mm	IN.	mm	IN.	mm	IN.	mm	IN.	mm	Lbs.	Kg.
225	70	1778	35	889	51	1295	25.5	648	74	1880	37	940	55	1397	71	1803	42	1067	17.5	444	3835	1740
300	73	1854	36.5	927	54	1372	27	686	77	1956	38.5	978	55	1397	71	1803	48	1219	17.5	444	4240	1923
500	75	1905	37.5	953	56	1422	28	711	87	2210	43.5	1105	55	1397	71	1803	50	1270	18.5	470	5147	2335
750	75	1905	37.5	953	56	1422	28	711	87	2210	43.5	1105	55	1397	76	1930	58	1473	18.5	470	7465	3386
1000	78	1981	39	991	59	1499	29.5	749	90	2286	45	1143	55	1397	76	1930	60	1524	19.5	496	8945	4057
1500	83	2108	41.5	1054	64	1626	32	813	95	2413	47.5	1207	55	1397	88	2235	73	1854	21	533	11653	5286
2000	86	2184	43	1092	67	1702	33.5	851	98	2489	49	1245	55	1397	88	2235	73	1854	21	533	13669	6200
2500	89	2361	44.5	1130	70	1778	35	889	101	2565	50.5	1283	55	1397	88	2235	76	1930	22.5	572	15864	7196

^{*}If station or intermediate class lightning arreste:s are required in terminal chamber add 32" to WTC, 16" to WTC/2, for 225 and 300 KVA transformers; 24" to WTC, 12" to WTC/2, for all other KVA sizes.

INCHES Dual Dimensions: Millimeters

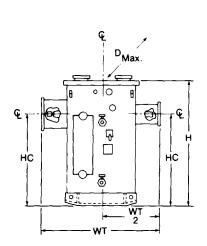
Dimensions subject to change without notice.



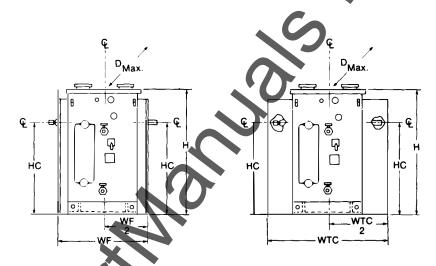
DIMENSIONS (APPROXIMATE DIMENSIONS—NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION)

LIQUID FILLED TRANSFORMER (RTEmp)

5 kV and 15 kV



TRANSFORMER WITH HIGH AND LOW VOLTAGE THROATS



TRANSFORMER WITH HIGH AND LOW VOLTAGE FLUSH END

TRANSFORMER WITH HIGH AND LOW VOLTAGE FULL HEIGHT TERMINAL CHAMBERS

Front to Hear Front to Center Line of Transformer Tank Floor to Max. Height Floor to Electrical Connection Point Fhroat to Throat Overall Flush End to Flush End Overall Ferminal Chamber to Terminal Chamber WF

Dimensions are based on 3-phase, RTEmp-filled transformum, secondary volts 600 V. maximum with Delta-Delta. 65°C. rise, 60 Hz, with NEMA standard taps and accessories, primary volts 13.8KV maxi-wye or wye-wye connections.

TRANSFORMER DIMENSIONAL DATA

5,000 and 15,000 Volt Class

					., 9	Widtl	1						Height				Depth				Wei	ght
KVA Rating	W	/T	WT	/2	V	۷F	WF	/2	w	тс	wT	C/2	нс		н		D		DT		1	
	IN.	mm	IN.	mm	IN.	mm	IN.	mm	IN.	mm	IN.	mm	IN.	mm	IN.	mm	IN.	mm	IN.	mm	Lbs.	Kg.
225	70	1778	35	889	51	1295	25.5	648	74	1880	37	940	55	1397	73	1854	38	965	17.5	444	3871	17 5 6
300	73	1854	36.5	927	54	1372	27	686	77	1956	38.5	978	55	1397	73	1854	38	965	17.5	444	4286	1944
500	75	1905	37.5	953	56	1422	28	711	87	2210	43.5	1105	55	1397	73	1854	50	1270	18.5	470	5240	2377
750	75	1905	37.5	953	56	1422	28	711	87	2210	43.5	1105	55	1397	78	1981	58	1473	18.5	470	7623	3558
1000	78	1981	39	991	59	1499	29.5	749	90	2286	45	1143	55	1397	78	1981	73	1524	32.5	826	9115	4135
1500	83	2108	41.5	1054	64	1626	32	813	95	2413	47.5	1207	55	1397	90	2286	73	1854	21	533	11989	5438
2000	86	2184	43	1092	67	1702	33.5	851	98	2489	49	1245	55	1397	90	2286	73	1854	21	533	14004	6352
2500	89	2261	44.5	1130	70	1778	35	889	101	2565	50.5	1283	55	1397	90	2286	76	1930	22.5	572	16097	7302

^{*}If station or intermediate class lightning arresters are required in terminal chamber add 32" to WTC, 16" to WTC/2, for 225 and 300 KVA transformers; 24" to WTC, 12" to WTC/2, for all other KVA sizes.

INCHES Dual Dimensions: Millimeters

Dimensions subject to change without notice.



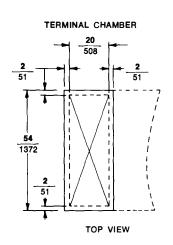


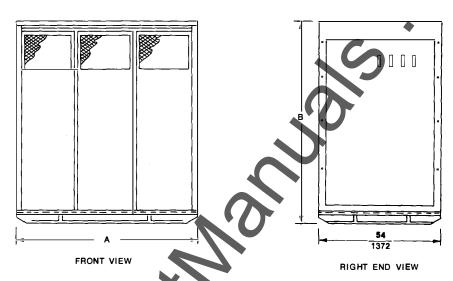


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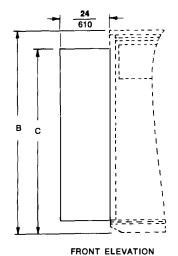
(APPROXIMATE DIMENSIONS — NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION) INDOOR CAST RESIN TRANSFORMER

5 kV and 15 kV





Terminal Chamber





Represents Suggested Conduit Entrance Area

INDOOR CAST RESIN TRANSFORMER DIMENSIONAL DATA

			•	5000	and 150	000 Volt C	Class			
KVA Rating	,	A .		3		С		ight oper dings	Wei Alum Wind	
	IN.	mm	IN.	mm	IN.	mm	Lbs.	kg	Lbs.	kg
500	96	2438	92	2337	92	2337	6450	2926	4910	2227
750	96	2438	92	2337	92	2337	6700	3039	5740	2604
1000	96	2438	92	2337	92	2337	9000	4082	7150	3243
1500	107	2717	100	2540	92	2337	10800	4999	9080	4119
2000	107	2717	100	2540	92	2337	12150	5511	11180	5071
2500	112	2845	100	2540	92	2337	16200	7348	11740	5325

Available in copper windings (Power Cast®) and aluminum windings (Power Cast II®)

Dimensions subject to change without notice.

Dual Dimensions: -

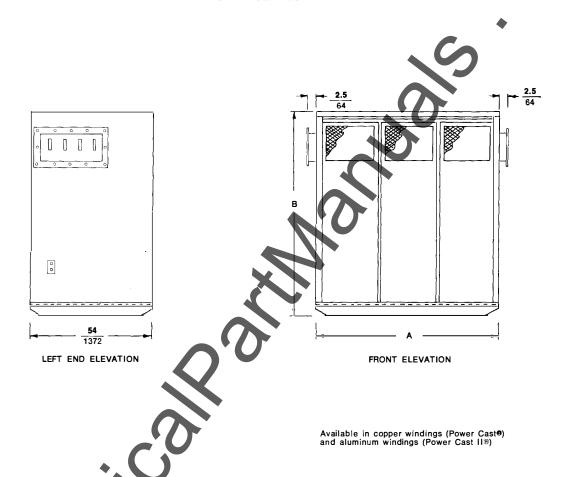
INCHES Millimeters



(APPROXIMATE DIMENSIONS — NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION)

OUTDOOR CAST RESIN TRANSFORMER

5 kV and 15 kV



OUTDOOR CAST RESIN TRANSFORMER DIMENSIONAL DATA

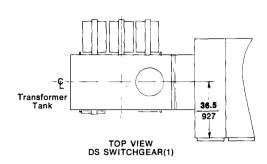
1			500	0 and 15	000 Volt C	lass		
KVA Rating	,	A		В	Co	ight oper dings	Alum	ight ninum dings
	IN.	mm	IN.	mm	Lbs.	kg	Lbs.	kg
500	96	2438	92	2337	6450	2926	4910	2227
750	96	2438	92	2337	6700	3039	5740	2604
1000	96	2438	92	2337	9000	4082	7150	3243
1500	107	2718	100	2540	10800	4899	9080	4119
2500	107	2718	100	2540	12150	5511	11180	5071
2000	112	2845	100	2540	16200	7348	11740	5325

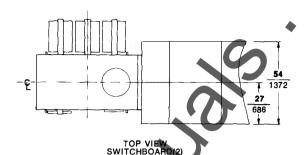
Dimensions subject to change without notice.

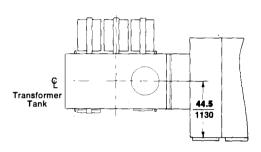
Dual Dimensions: INCHES
Millimeters

JUNE, 1984

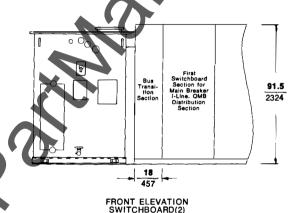
(APPROXIMATE DIMENSIONS — NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION) INDOOR LIQUID TRANSFORMER CONNECTIONS TO LOW VOLTAGE DISTRIBUTION SECTIONS

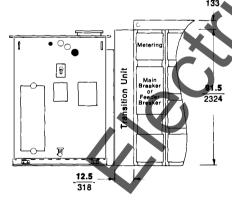






TOP VIEW DSL SWITCHGEAR(1)





FRONT ELEVATION DS OR DSL SWITCHGEAR(1)

NOTE:

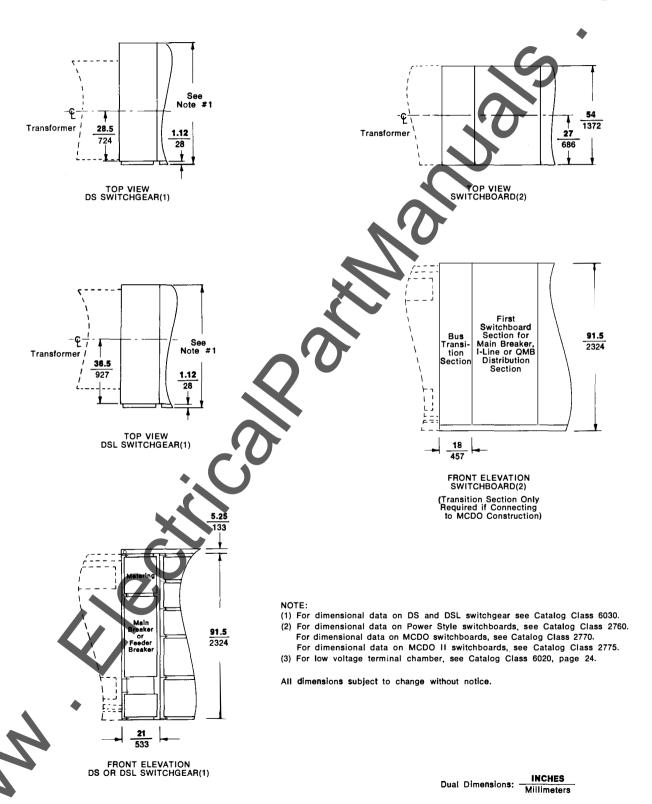
- (1) For dimensional data on DS and DSL switchgear see Catalog Class 6030.
- (2) For dimensional data on Power Style switchboards, see Catalog Class 2760. For dimensional data on MCDO switchboards, see Catalog Class 2770. For dimensional data on MCDO II switchboards, see Catalog Class 2775.
- (3) For low voltage terminal chamber, see Catalog Class 6020, page 26 or 27.

All dimensions subject to change without notice.

Dual Dimensions: INCHES Millimeters

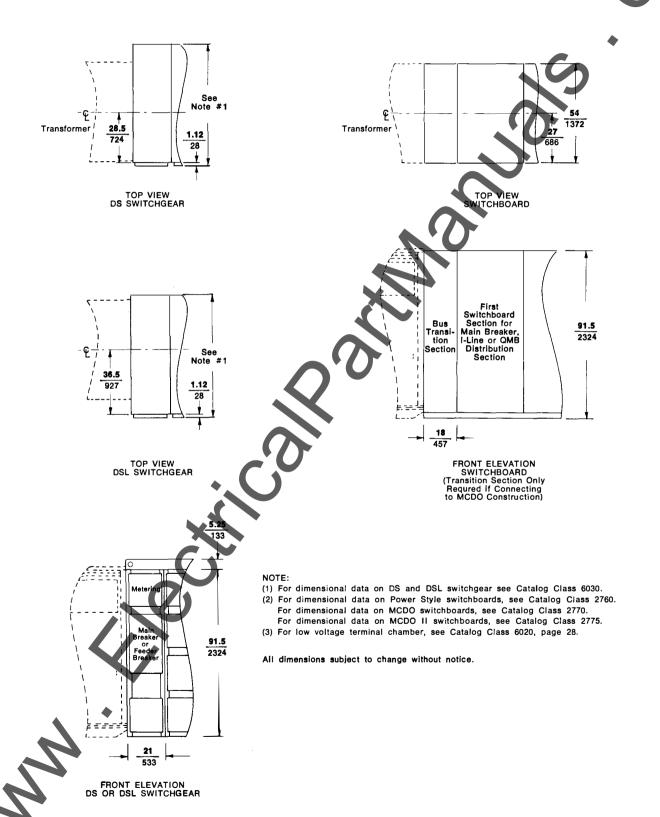
CLASS 6020

(APPROXIMATE DIMENSIONS — NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION) INDOOR STANDARD DRY TYPE TRANSFORMER CONNECTIONS TO LOW VOLTAGE DISTRIBUTION SECTIONS



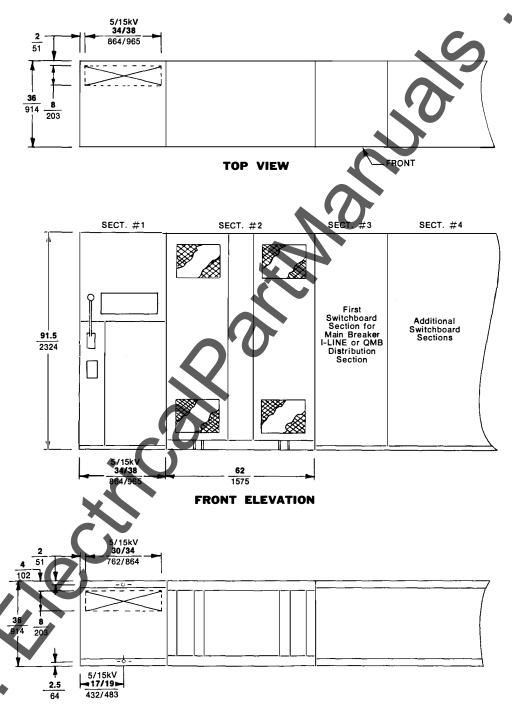
JUNE, 1984

(APPROXIMATE DIMENSIONS — NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION) INDOOR POWER CAST TRANSFORMER CONNECTIONS TO LOW VOLTAGE DISTRIBUTION SECTIONS



DIMENSIONS
(APPROXIMATE DIMENSIONS—NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION)

INDOOR COMPACT SECTIONAL UNIT SUBSTATIONS 5 & 15 kV Class — 225 thru 750 kVA



FLOOR PLAN

Dual Dimensions: -

INCHES Millimeters

6920

*NOTE:

(1) For dimensional data on 36" Deep Switchboards, see Catalog Class 2720.



SUGGESTED SPECIFICATIONS

Unit Substation — General

These specifications and the associated drawings describe one (indoor) (outdoor) ______ KVA, 3 phase, 60 cycle, unit substation complete from the _____ volt incoming line connection to the _____ volt outgoing feeder connections. Any items not specifically mentioned but obviously necessary for proper operation are implied in this description.

The Unit Substation shall be a Square D POWER-ZONE® Unit Substation or approved equal, designed, manufactured and tested in accordance with applicable standards of NEMA, ANSI and IEEE. It shall consist of a high voltage incoming line section, a transformer section and a low voltage section each separated from the others by steel barriers but electrically connected and physically joined to form a single, metal enclosed structure. The enclosure frame and internal barriers shall be fabricated of code gauge steel and finished with medium gray (ANSI #49) paint applied over a rust inhibiting phosphate primer. Construction shall prevent entry of rodents into the substation interior.

The equipment shall be totally adjusted and tested at the factory and sectionalized for shipment so that the largest section does not exceed ______ inches wide, _____ inches deep, and _____ inches high to enable installation at the job site. Installation and connection of the unit substation shall not require removal or disassembly of any factory mounted stationary high voltage devices (except potheads). Prominent nameplates bearing equipment ratings, tap changing information, manufacturer identification and reference serial numbers shall be mounted on the front of the unit substation.

The sound level of the unit substation shall not exceed ______ db when the transformer is self-cooled and _____ db when cooling fans are running as measured in accordance with latest NEMA test procedures. Over-all floor space dimensions shall not exceed _____ ong and _____ deep.

Equipment construction shall allow movement of the unit substation on rollers through a doorway high and wide, and shall allow installation and operation in an area having a ceiling height of inches.

High Voltage Incoming Line Section

The incoming line section shall terminate the incoming (and outgoing) _______ volt feeder. This section and all components therein shall be designed and coordinated to have a single short circuit rating, comprising any switch fault closing rating, short time ratings and fuse interrupting rating, of not less than _____ amperes Asymmetrical or _____ MVA Symmetrical at the system voltage. The basic insulation impulse level (BIL) of the

entire assembly shall be not less than (60) (75) (95) (125) (150) kV per NEMA testing procedure. The incoming line section shall consist of an air insulated steel enclosure separated from the transformer section by steel barriers and containing: (select A or B)

A) Air Terminal Chamber

- (1) (2) (Set of lugs) (pothead) to terminate (1) (2), 3 phase, _____ conductor, cable feeders entering from the (top) (bottom).
- 3 Lightning arresters (distribution) (intermediate) (station) type for (grounded) (ungrounded) system, connected to the incoming cable terminals.
- B) Load Break Air Interrupter Switch (select 1 or 2)
 - 1) 1 Load break air interrupter switch, 3 pole, 2 position open/closed, 600 amperes continuous current and suitable for interrupting 600A. A stored energy spring mechanism shall provide quick closing and opening of the switch independent of the handle speed. The fault closing and short time ratings of the switch (with fuses) shall not be less than the high voltage section short circuit rating.
 - 2) 1—Load break air interrupter duplex switch, consisting of two 3 pole, 2 position open/closed air interrupter switches with the load sides connected together, 600 amperes continuous current and suitable for interrupting 600A. A stored energy spring mechanism shall provide quick closing and opening of the switch independent of the handle speed. The fault closing and short time ratings of the switch (with fuses) shall not be less than the high voltage section short circuit rating. Supply key interlocks between the two switches (and the fuse compartment door) so only one switch can be closed at any time (and access to the fuses can be gained only when both switches are open).
 - 3) Fuses with continuous current rating to best coordinate with transformer and secondary devices. Fuse interrupting capacity shall not be less than the high voltage section short circuit rating. (Select 1 or 2)
 - 1 Fuses shall be current limiting type which do not produce hot gas, flame, noise or pressure. Fuses shall be applied so that indication of a blown fuse shall be visible without opening the enclosure.
 - 2 Fuses shall be replaceable boric acid refill type mounted so as to direct any flame or gas downward away from the components and away from the front of the equipment.

High voltage fuses shall be connected to the load side of the switch and de-energized when the switch is open. They shall be located to prevent their accidentally falling into energized parts during replacement.





SUGGESTED SPECIFICATIONS

The high voltage fuses and fuse mountings shall be completely visible and easily accessible through a door (mechanically interlocked with the high voltage switch to insure that the switch is open when the fuses are accessible). No energized parts shall be within normal reach of the opened doorway. Construction shall allow convenient fuse replacement with a fuse handling tool.

Four single full length track resistant polyester interphase barriers shall isolate the 3 phases of the switch (and fuse combination) from each other and from the enclosure.

A viewing window shall be provided in the high voltage switch enclosure of sufficient size and located to enable visible inspection from outside the enclosure of all open or closed switch poles and installed fuses, within the enclosure.

The handle of the high voltage switch shall be permanently mounted and operable from the front of the unit substation. Design shall allow the handle to project no more than 6" from the enclosure when switch is in the open or closed position. An upward motion of the handle shall close and a downward motion shall open the switch. The handle position in conjunction with prominent nameplates shall clearly indicate whether the switch is open or closed. The handle shall be located on the front of the switch (and fuse) enclosure.

Convenient and positive means for padlocking the switch in the open (and) (but) not closed position shall be supplied. (Padlocking means for the fuse compartment door shall be provided.)

Transformer Section (Ventilated Dry) — Conventional

The transformer shall be 3-phase, 60 hertz, air cooled dry type mounted in a suitable ventilated enclosure and barriered from the high voltage and low voltage sections. Self cooled capacity shall be ______ KVA: primary voltage _____ volts delta; secondary voltage _____ (delta) (wye) (3) (4) wire. Primary taps shall be full capacity, with a minimum of 2-2½% above and below rated voltage.

The transformer shall have a 150°C ambient, (or 115°C temperature rise above a 40°C ambient) (or 80°C temperature rise above 40°C ambient). 115°C transformers shall be capable of carrying a 15% continuous overload without exceeding 150°C rise in a 40°C ambient. 80°C rise transformers shall be capable of carrying a 30% continuous overload without exceeding a 150°C rise in a 40° ambient. All insulating materials used shall be in accordance with NEMA ST20 or NEMA TR27 Standards for a 220°C insulation system. The temperature rise shall be designated on the transformer nameplate.

Two types of coil design are used in the manufacture of our high voltage transformers, either may be specified.

1. The standard modified disc winding to provide the most

efficient, reliable, and compact type of coil in this type of design.

2. The special barrel-type winding for areas where greater than normal amounts of non-conductive dust, dirt or lint might be encountered. This winding with its vertical air ducts and smooth surface would require less maintenance than a disc type winding.

The completed coils shall be pre-heated, vacuum-impregnated with non-hygroscopic, thermosetting insulating varnish, and then thoroughly baked. This process shall completely seal the coils against moisture, and eliminate any voids which could create hot spots, or cause corona formation.

The transformer cores are to be constructed of high grade, non-aging silicon steel laminations with high magnetic permeability, and low hysteresis and eddy current losses. Magnetic flux densities are to be kept well below the saturation point. The core laminations shall be clamped together with heavy, structural steel angles.

The basic impulse levels (BIL) shall be a minimum of 60 KV for the 15 KV class, 45 KV for the 8.66 KV class, 30 KV for the 5 KV class, and 20 KV for the 2.5 KV class.

The enclosure shall be constructed of heavy gauge sheet steel. All ventilating openings shall be in accordance with NEMA and National Electrical Code standards for ventilated enclosures. Large enclosures are to be provided with lifting devices bolted or welded to the base structure, and shall have jacking pads designed to be flush with the enclosure. The base is to be constructed of structural steel members to permit skidding or rolling in any direction. The enclosure is to be cleaned, phosphatized, primed and finished with medium gray (ANSI #49) paint.

MOV type Distributor Class lightning arresters, or equivalent, shall be installed by the manufacturer on the high voltage side of the transformer to provide additional protection against high voltage lightning or switching surges.

When fan cooling is specified, provide a Sorgel Model 80, solid state, temperature control system with factory calibrated and pre-set thermistors in each phase of the transformer. These thermistors are to be installed in the transformer windings to continuously monitor the hot-spot temperature. If the temperature rises beyond normal, a relay is activated to start the fans. If the temperature continues to rise, a second relay operates to sound an audible alarm and lights a red warning light. The fan control panel is to consist of a green "Power On" light, an amber "Fans On" light with a manual/automatic selector switch, and a red "High Temperature" light with an audible alarm. An alarm silencing button is to be provided to silence the alarm, but allow the red light to remain on until the temperature decreases to normal. Necessary fusing and transformers for higher than 120 volts are to be provided as part of the complete package. Multiple cooling fans are to be installed at the bottom of each coil with a minimum of six for 3 phase, and four for single phase transformers.



SUGGESTED SPECIFICATIONS

If visual temperature indication is required a temperature indicator shall be provided and mounted on the front panel of the transformer.

The sound levels shall be guaranteed by the manufacturer not to exceed the following values:

151 to 300 KVA — 58DB; 301 to 500 KVA — 60DB; 501 to 700 KVA — 62DB; 701 to 1000 KVA — 64DB; 1001 to 1500 KVA—65DB; 1501 to 2000 KVA—66DB; 2001 to 3000 KVA — 68DB.

(NOTE: Lower sound levels may be desirable for critical areas such as hospitals, schools, or office areas. Contact your local Square D field sales office for recommendations.)

Provisions shall be made to completely isolate the core and coil from the enclosure. There shall be no metal-to-metal contact. Rubber vibration isolating pads shall be installed by the manufacturer between the core and coil and the enclosure. The core shall then be visibly grounded to the ground bus or ground pad by means of a flexible grounding conductor sized in accordance with applicable NEMA, ANSI, and NEC Standards.

(NOTE: For Compact Sectional Unit Substations specify barrel-type windings only. 115°C temperature rise and 80°C temperature rise are available thru 500 KVA in the compact design.)

Transformer Section (Ventilated Dry) — Cast Resin

The transformer(s) shall be of Dry-Type, Cast-Resin construction; mounted in a suitable, ventilated enclosure.

The transformer(s) shall be rated ______ KVA; Primary voltage _____ volts, delta; Secondary voltage _____ volts (Wye) (delta), (3) (4) wire 60Hz. Primary taps shall be full capacity, with two 2 5% above and below rated voltage.

Impedance shall be (______%) (Manufacturer's Standard Impedance) Sound level shall not exceed (_____db) (NEMA Standard maximum db for the applicable KVA size of Dry-Type transformers as set forth in NEMA publication TR 1-1980).

(Select A or B)

A) Power Cast Construction

Both HV and LV windings shall be of copper conductors.

The average temperature rise of the transformer windings shall not exceed 80°C, when the transformer is operated at full nameptate rating. The transformer(s) shall be capable of carrying 100% of nameptate KVA rating in a 40°C maximum ambient temperature.

Impulse rating of the low voltage winding must be (at least 25 KV for LV 1.2KV class and below), (45KV for 2.5KV secondaries), (60KV for 5KV secondaries).

Forced Air Cooling (Optional)

Shall increase the continuous self cooled rating of units as follows:

SELF COOLED RATING	PER CENT
500 — 750 KVA	331/3 %
1000 — 5000 KVA	50%

The above indicated increase shall be possible with forced cooling without exceeding the maximum design temperatures at 40°C maximum ambient.

B) Power Cast II Construction

Both HV and LV windings shall be of aluminum conductors.

The average temperature rise of the transformer windings shall not exceed 115°C, when the transformer is operated at full nameplate rating. The transformer(s) shall be capable of carrying 100% of nameplate KVA rating in a 40°C maximum ambient temperature.

Forced Air Cooling (Optional)

Shall increase the continuous self cooled rating of units as follows:

U	SELF COOLED RATING	PER CENT INCREASE
	500 — 750 KVA	331/3 %
	1000 — 5000 KVA	50%

The above indicated increase shall be possible with forced cooling without exceeding the maximum design temperatures at 40°C maximum ambient.

General:

The forced air cooling shall be regulated automatically by sensors placed in the LV air ducts. Forced air cooling shall include: thermal sensors, fan(s), control wiring, control box with test switch, current limiting fuses, indicating lights, alarm, alarm silencing relay and push buttons.

Provisions for future forced air cooling on all units shall be optional. Provisions for future forced air cooling shall include mounting provisions only for fan(s) and busing sized to the fan-cooled rating.

HV and LV windings shall each be separately cast as one rigid tubular coil, and arranged coaxially. Each cast coil shall be fully reinforced with glass cloth, and cast under vacuum to assure complete, void-free resin impregnation throughout the entire insulation system. Coils shall be supported by cast epoxy bottom supports and spacer blocks and spring loaded top blocks, and shall have no rigid mechanical connection between them.

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The windings must not absorb moisture, and shall be suitable for both storage and operation in adverse environments, including prolonged storage in 100% humidity at temperatures of from -40°C to $+40^{\circ}\text{C}$, and shall be capable of immediately being switched on after such storage without predrying.

The transformer(s) must be free of partial discharge up to at least 1.2 times the rated line-to-ground voltage. Each coil shall be subjected to a partial discharge test to verify its partial discharge.

Impulse rating of the high voltage winding must be equal to the Basic Impulse Level specified by ANSI for Oil Filled Transformers of the same voltage class, without the use of supplemental surge arresters.

The transformer core shall be constructed of high grade, grain oriented silicon steel laminations, with high magnetic permeability. Magnetic flux density is to be kept well below the saturation point. The cores shall be cruciform in shape, with mitered joints to keep core losses, exciting current and noise level at a minimum. The outside surfaces of the core shall be protected against corrosion by a resin coating not less than 1mm thick.

The enclosures shall be constructed of heavy gauge sheet steel. All ventilating openings shall be in accordance with NEMA and the National Electrical Code standards for ventilated enclosures. Large enclosures shall have jacking pads designed to be flush with the enclosure. The base shall be constructed of structural steel members, to permit skidding or rolling in any direction.

The core shall be visibly grounded to the frame by means of a flexible grounding strap in accordance with applicable NEMA and NEC standards.

Transformer Section (Non-Ventilated Dry)

The transformer shall be _____ KVA, 3 phase, 60 cycles. Primary taps shall be full capacity taps, with a minimum of 2-2½ % above and below rated voltage.

Transformer shall be 115°C rise above a 40°C ambient. (Transformer shall be capable of carrying a 15% continuous overload without exceeding a 150°C rise.) All insulating materials used shall be in accordance with NEMA TR 27—1965 Standards for 220°C insulation system.

The basic impulse level (BL) shall be a minimum of 94kV for the high voltage winding for units in the 15kV insulation class.

The enclosure shall be constructed of heavy gauge sheet steel and meet the requirements of NEMA Type 12 for indoor and NEMA Type 3R for an outdoor enclosure to make it dust-tight and rainproof respectively. The enclosure should be provided with lifting devices secured to the base structure and have jacking pads designed to be flush with the enclosure. The base is to be constructed of structural steel members to permit skidding or rolling in any direction. The enclosure is to be cleaned, phosphatized, primed and finished with medium gray (ANSI #49) paint.

The enclosure is to have adequate surface area to limit the maximum temperature rise of the enclosure to 50°C above a 40°C ambient at full load and rated voltage.

Low flash-over, rotating machinery type or equivalent lightning arresters shall be installed by the manufacturer in the high voltage compartment to provide additional protection against high voltage lightning or switching surges.

The transformer shall be designed to deliver rated KVA without benefit of internal fans to circulate the air.

An internal fan cooling system shall be provided to increase the KVA rating by a minimum of 25%. The fan cooling system shall consist of a solid state, temperature controlled system. This system is to consist of calibrated and preset thermistors installed in the windings of each phase to continuously monitor the hot-spot temperature. Pilot lights are to indicate power on (green), fans operating (amber), high temperature (red). An alarm and alarm silencing button shall also be included. Necessary fusing and transformers for higher than 120 volts are to be provided. The necessary fans should be located at the base of each coil to direct the air flow through the interior of the coil. The control panel is to be mounted on the front exterior of the transformer and factory wired.

Provisions shall be made to completely isolate the core and coil from the enclosure. There shall be no metal-to-metal contact. Rubber vibration isolating pads shall be installed by the manufacturer between the core and coil and the enclosure. The core should then be visibly grounded to the enclosure by means of a flexible grounding conductor sized in accordance with applicable NEMA and NEC Standards.

Transformer Section (Liquid Filled)

(1)(2) Transformer section(s) (each) containing:

KVA 3 phase, 60 Hertz, (oil) (RTEmp®)
(silicone) immersed transformer, suitable for (in-
door) (outdoor) application, self-cooled (55) (55/65)
(65) degree C. temperature rise, primary
volts (delta) (wye), wire BIL,
secondary, volts (delta) (wye),
wire BIL, four 2½% full capacity taps in
primary winding, two above and two below rated
primary voltage, including standard ANSI and
NEMA accessories. Transformer to have (provi-
sions only for future forced air cooling) (forced air
cooling from top of liquid temperature) (forced air
cooling from winding temperature indicator) (com-
plete provisions for forced air cooling less fans and
motor(s).

Forced air cooling (optional) shall increase the continuous self-cooled rating of units as follows:

SELF-COOLED RATING	FORCED AIR COOLING PER CENT INCREASE
2500 KVA	15%
750, 1000, 1500, 200 KVA	25%



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Provisions for future forced air cooling shall be standard on all units with self-cooled ratings of 750 KVA and larger.

The transformer shall meet all of the latest applicable NEMA, ANSI, and IEEE Standards for power transformers.

SELECT A or B:

A) Oil or RTEmp® Immersed Transformer

Transformers shall be built with a five-legged wound core. The five-legged core design shall eliminate tank enclosure heating which results from ferro resonance and enable the transformer to be used in a wye-wye connected configuration.

Transformer cores are to be constructed from accurately cut, burr free, low loss, high electrical grade, grain oriented silicon steel. Core laminations shall be coated, insulated and rigidly clamped to provide a low loss symmetrical flux path.

The transformer tank enclosure(s) are to be of welded construction using plate steel. Tanks shall be equipped with lifting lugs and jacking pads welded to the tank. Tank base must be capable of skidding or rolling in all directions. Tank covers shall be welded in place to provide insulating fluid protection from contamination. Radiators of the panel type shall be used.

Transformer(s) shall be designed to withstand 7½ PSI pressure per ANSI and NEMA Standards.

Finish on transformer tank(s) shall be a three stage wash consisting of steam cleaning, phosphatizing wash and rinse. Units shall be painted with a long lasting vinyl paint.

B) Silicone Immersed Transformer

Transformers shall be built with a three-legged wound core.

Transformer cores are to be constructed from accurately cut, burr free, low loss, high electrical grade, grain oriented silicon steel. Core laminations shall be coated, insulated and rigidly clamped to provide a low loss symmetrical flux path.

Transformer tank enclosure(s) are to be of welded construction using steel plate. The tank is to be equipped with lifting lugs and jacking pads welded to the tank. Tank base must be capable of skidding or rolling in all directions. Tank covers shall be welded in place to provide insulating fluid protection from contamination. Radiators of the tube type shall be used.

Transformer(s) shall be designed to withstand 7½ PSI pressure per ANSI and NEMA Standards.

Finish on tank(s) shall consist of a cleaning, phosphatizing wash and rinse, a primer coat to inhibit rust for-

mation, an intermediate coat of finished color, and a final coat for attractive appearance.

Low Voltage Section (With Low Voltage Drawout Switchgear)

The Low Voltage Section shall be POWER-ZONE® II Metal-Enclosed Drawout Switchgear, as manufactured by the Square D Company, or approved equal, designed, manufactured and tested in accordance with applicable NEMA, ANSI and IEEE Standards for power circuit breakers and metal-enclosed switchgear. The enclosure shall be finished with medium gray ANSI #49 enamel applied over a rust inhibiting phosphate primer. Equipment shall be equipped with (service entrance label) (and) UL label for Metal-Enclosed Low Voltage Power Circuit Breaker type Switchgear Assemblies when UL recognized components are specified.)

Enclosure

The enclosure and internal barriers shall be fabricated of steel members in accordance with NEMA and ANSI Standards. A lifting bar is to be provided with each shipping group for lifting the structure from the top with a crane. Supply a wooden skid to permit the use of pipe rollers for moving the switchgear to its final location inside the building.

The enclosure construction shall prevent the entry of rodents into the switchgear interior. Ventilation openings on the front of the switchgear breaker compartments are to be located in such a way as to preclude the possibility of metal objects being inserted through them and easily contacting energized parts.

The equipment shall be assembled, adjusted and tested at the factory and shall be sectionalized, if required, for shipment as requested or approved. The largest section is not to exceed _____ inches wide, ____ inches deep, and ____ inches high to enable installation at the job site.

The structure is to consist of three basic compartments from front to rear: the Front Breaker Compartment, the Center Bus Compartment, and the Rear Cable Compartment.

Front Breaker Compartment

The front compartment is to contain the drawout circuit breaker elements, each mounted in its own barriered cell. Active or future use cells equipped to accept circuit breakers are to be complete with the circuit breaker drawout mechanism and all current-carrying parts. Provide each breaker cell with a hinged door equipped with a flush satin chrome finish handle and an external trip button. No large opening shall be allowed in the door. When equipped with a breaker, a double steel barrier will exist between operating personnel and the breaker mechanism and live part. The breaker will be safe to operate with the outer steel door open.

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Center Bus Compartment

The bus compartment is to contain the section riser and main cross bus which is to be rated for a 65 degree Centigrade temperature rise. The main cross bus shall be rated for _____ continuous amperes. All main and riser bus is to be (welded aluminum) (bolted copper) and be adequately braced to withstand the short circuit of ____ symmetrical amperes. All contact surfaces at bolted joints shall be plated and the joint bolts are to be of high strength grade 5 steel equipped with Belleville type spring washers. All electrical clearances are to be for 600 volts ac. (An isolated neutral bus is to be supplied rated at (50) (100) percent of the phase current.)

Rear Cable Compartment

Size the cable compartment to accommodate all incoming and outgoing cables required within each vertical switchgear section. Cable lugs are to be mounted on the load side (or line side as applicable) run-back bus which is extended into this compartment from the bus compartment. Run-back bus for main or feeder breakers to be insulated from the section riser and cross bus. This compartment shall also contain a plated (aluminum) (copper) ground bus bolted directly to the switchgear frame. (Extend a neutral stud into the cable compartment in each vertical section for connection of neutral conductors. A bus connection shall be provided for connecting the neutral to the ground bus with a removable isolating link). Clamp type cable lugs suitable for use with aluminum or copper cable are to be supplied as shown on the plans.

As a safety precaution to prevent accidental contact with the main bus during maintenance procedures, the center bus compartment containing the section riser bus and main cross bus shall be segregated from the rear cable compartment by means of grounded metal barriers.

Circuit Breakers

The circuit breakers shall be of the drawout type, manually or electrically operated type DS (DSL) as shown on the associated drawings or as listed in the equipment tabulation. The breakers are to mount on a rigid, self-aligning drawout mechanism with "connected", "test", "disconnected", and "remove" positions. The front door shall be capable of being closed in the "connected", "test" or "disconnected" positions. Provide interlocks to insure the breaker is open before it can be moved from any position or when it is between positions. Include an interlock to discharge the stored energy spring before the breaker element can be withdrawn from its cell. In the "test" and "connected" positions, provide a positive ground contact between the breaker element and the structure. The circuit breaker trip device is to be of a solid-state design which requires no external power connections and is provided with an adjustable long-time delay, instantaneous and (short-time delay) over-current/short circuit protection. Include ground fault tripping as an integral part of the olid-state trip device.) Settings are to be continuous between calibrated points. Provisions for testing and calibrating shall be provided. (Indicators for overload, short circuit, or ground trip shall be provided.) (Breakers are to have U.L. label.)

The breaker operating mechanism is to be of the two-step stored energy quick-make, quick-break type. One stroke of the operating handle or one operation cycle of the breaker motor is to charge the closing springs and operation of a local "close" button is to close the breaker contact. Closing of the breaker contacts shall automatically charge the opening springs to insure quick-break operation.

Padlocking provisions shall be furnished to receive up to three padlocks when the breaker is in the open position, positively preventing unauthorized closing of the breaker contacts. A manual trip button and position indicator shall be furnished.

(Include the following only when type DSL breakers are specified:) (Circuit breakers shall be equipped with current limiters. Current limiters shall be integrally mounted on 800A, and 1600A, frame sizes and separately mounted on 3200A, and 4000A, frame sizes. Equip each breaker with a blown limiter indicator visible from the front of the breaker, and with an anti-single phase device which will trip the breaker when any limiter blows, and which will prevent reclosing the breaker on a single phase condition resulting from blown or missing limiters.)

The following equipment shall be provided:

- main breaker(s),
 ampere frame (2) (3) pole, (manually) (electrically)
 operated. Set trip at ______ amperes.

 Type DS-_____ tie breaker, _____ ampere
 frame, (2) (3) pole, (manually) (electrically) operated. Set trip at _____ amperes.

 Type DS-_____ feeder breaker(s), _____
 ampere frame, (2) (3) pole, (manually) (electrically) operated. Set trip at _____ amperes.
 - Type DS—_____ feeder breaker(s), ampere frame, (2) (3) pole, (manually) (electrically) operated. Set trip at _____ amperes.

Metering Components (Main Bus)

- (1)(2) Voltmeter and 3-phase selector switch with OFF position.
- (1)(2) Ammeter and 3-phase selector switch with OFF position.
- (1)(2) Watthour meter, (2) (2½) (3) element type, (with) (without) (15 minute) (30 minute) demand register.
 - Current transformer, suitable ratio.
 - Potential transformer, suitable ratio.

Feeder Circuits

- Ammeter and 3-phase selector switch with OFF position.
- Current transformer, suitable ratio.

A portable testing and calibration device shall be provided.

* — () indicates a selection is to be made for quantity or applicability.



SPECIFICATIONS

Low Voltage Section (With MCDO II Switchboards)

General

The specifications and associated drawings describe the indoor Low Voltage Metal-Enclosed Drawout Switchboard Assembly. The assembly is to be designed for use on a _____ volt, (single) (3) phase, ____ wire, (50) (60) Hz. system, with ____ amperes symmetrical fault current available.

The switchboard shall be MCDO II Drawout Insulated Case Circuit Breaker Switchboard, as manufactured by the Square D Company, or approved equal, designed, manufactured and tested in accordance with UL 891 and NEMA PB 2 Standards for circuit breakers and metalenclosed switchboards. (Equipment shall be equipped with (UL) (service entrance) label where qualified. Front and rear accessibility shall be required.

Enclosure

The enclosure and internal barriers shall be fabricated of steel members in accordance with UL and NEMA Standards. The enclosure construction shall prevent the entry of rodents into the switchgear interior. Ventilation openings on the swichboard are to be located in such a way as to preclude the possibility of metal objects being inserted through them and easily contacting energized parts. The enclosure shall be finished with medium gray ANSI #49 enamel applied over a rust inhibiting phosphate primer.

The structure is to consist of three basic compartments from front to rear: the Front Breaker Compartment, the Center Bus Compartment, and the Rear Cable Compartment.

The front compartment is to contain the drawout circuit breaker elements, each mounted in its own barriered cell. Active or future use cells equipped to accept circuit breakers are to be complete. Provide each breaker cell with a hinged steel door equipped with a flush chrome finish handle and an external trip operator. Horizontal steel barriers shall separate breakers in a common section.

The bus compartment is to contain the section riser and main cross bus which is to be rated for a 65° Centigrade temperature rise. The main cross bus shall be rated for continuous amperes. All main and riser bus is to be (aluminum) (copper) and be adequately braced to withstand the short circuit of symmetrical amperes. When the cross bus is split for shipping purposes, all contact surfaces at the joint shall be plated and the joint bolts

are to be of high strength grade 5 steel equipped with Belleville type spring washers. All electrical clearances are to be for 600 volts ac. (An isolated neutral bus is to be supplied rated at (50) (100) percent of the phase current.)

Size the cable compartment to accommodate all incoming and outgoing cables required within each vertical switch-board section. Cable lugs are to be mounted on the load side (or line side as applicable) phase (and neutral) runback bus which is extended into this compartment from the bus compartment. This compartment shall also contain a plated (aluminum) (copper) ground bus. The incoming line and center bus compartments shall be barriered from the rear cable compartment.

Circuit Breakers

The circuit breakers shall be of the drawout type, manually or electrically operated type as shown on the associated drawings or as listed in the equipment tabulation. The breakers are to mount on a rigid, self-aligning drawout mechanism with "connected", "test/disconnected" and "remove" positions. The front door shall be capable of being closed in all positions. Secondary control connections shall be through a multi-point semi-automatic control connector. Provide interlocks to insure the breaker is open before it can be moved from any position or when it is between positions.

The circuit breaker trip device is to be of a solid-state design and is provided with an adjustable long-time delay, instantaneous (and short-time delay) over-current/short circuit protection. (Include ground fault tripping as an integral part of the solid-state trip device where shown.) Provisions for testing shall be provided. (Indicators for overload, short circuit, or ground trip shall be provided.)

The breaker operating mechanism is to be of the two-step stored energy quick-make, quick-break type. First step operation of the charging handle or breaker motor is to charge the closing springs. A second step operation of a local "close" button is to close the breaker contacts. Closing of the breaker contacts shall automatically charge the opening springs to insure quick-break operation. Padlocking provisions shall be furnished to receive up to three padlocks when the breaker is in the open position, positively preventing unauthorized closing of the breaker contacts.

(A portable testing device shall be provided.)

(A top monted travelling breaker listing device shall be provided.)



SPECIFICATIONS

Low Voltage Section (With MCDO Switchboards)

General

Furnish and install the circuit breaker distribution switchboard as herein specified and shown on the associated electrical drawings. The switchboard(s) shall meet the latest requirements of Underwriters' Laboratories Standard #891, NEMA PB-2 and the National Electrical Code. The switchboard(s) shall be furnished with an Underwriters' Laboratories Label.

Enclosure Construction

The switchboard shall be dead front with front and rear accessibility required. The switchboard framework shall consist of a completely self-supporting structure with steel channels welded or bolted to the frame to rigidly support the entire shipping section for moving on rollers or floor mounting. The framework is to be of formed code gauge steel, rigidly welded and bolted together to support all cover plates, bussing, and component devices during shipment and installation.

Each switchboard section shall have an open bottom and an individually removable top plate for installation and termination of conduit. Top and bottom conduit areas are to be clearly shown and dimensioned on the shop drawings.

All front covers over the circuit breakers shall be hinged with removable hinge pins. All closure plates shall be screw removable and small enough for easy handling. The paint finish shall be medium gray ANSI #49 enamel over a rust inhibiting phosphate pre-treatment.

Bussing

The switchboard bussing shall be (tin plated aluminum) (plated copper) of sufficient cross sectional area to continuously conduct rated full load current without exceeding the maximum temperature rise limits set by Underwriters' Laboratories Dead-Front Switchboard Standard, #891.

The main horizontal bussing shall consist of vertically stacked conductors in a plane parallel to the front of the switchboard. Vertical and horizontal bussing compartment shall be isolated. With all insulation barriers in place, there shall be free air space between horizontal and vertical bus-

sing. Bussing connection and support bolts shall be accessible for periodic maintenance. Vertical bussing bolts shall have captive heads with break-away torque caps.

The main horizontal bus bar shall be located in the middle of the switchboard section vertically stacked with ABC bus arrangement top to bottom. The main bus compartment will be completely barriered from the rest of the switchboard. Switchboards of more than one shipping section shall be provided with spliced bars of a rating equivalent to the main bus rating with Grade 5 hardness bolts, nuts, Belleville washers and installation instructions.

The maximum short circuit current rating shall be 100,000 RMS symmetrical amperes of fault current at 600 VAC.

A ground bus and lug shall be firmly secured to each switchboard section and shall extend the entire length of the switchboard.

Load side bus bars shall extend to the rear of the switchboard and shall be fully insulated. The load side lug compartment shall be designed so that it is not necessary to reach across or near any line side bus bars or connections. Load side lugs shall be marked with appropriate phase identification.

The main lug compartment, where furnished, shall be barriered from the line side bussing and circuit breaker ompartment. Lug pads shall be tin plated and shall be suitable for either copper or aluminum (mechanical) (crimp) lugs mounted on the pads.

(Provisions shall be available when busway is used as the incoming service.)

Circuit Breaker Compartment

Each circuit breaker shall be individually isolated in its own compartment. All circuit breakers shall be draw-out mounted with standard trip on removal. There shall be no exposed live components in the circuit breaker compartment. Line and load connections up to 800A will utilize LoResTM connectors.

NOTE: When more than one option or feature is available, the choice can be made by selecting the appropriate word(s) or number(s) in the parentheses and crossing out the rest.





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Low Voltage Section (With Power Style Switchboards)

The low voltage section shall terminate the outgoing feeder cables and contain the circuit protective devices, metering equipment, and auxiliary components described herein and on the drawings.

All low voltage bussing, devices, and connections shall be braced to withstand the maximum short circuit current available from the transformer.

Short Circuit Current Rating

Each switchboard as a complete unit, shall be given a single short circuit current rating by the manufacturer. Such rating shall be established by actual tests by the manufacturer, in accordance with UL specifications, on equipment constructed similarly to the subject switchboard.

Enclosure Construction

The switchboard shall be dead-front with (front and rear accessibility) (front accessibility) required. The switchboard framework shall consist of steel channels bolted to the frame to rigidly support the entire shipping section for floor mounting or moving on rollers. The framework is to be formed of code gauge steel, rigidly welded and bolted together to support all cover plates, bussing and component devices.

Each section shall have an open button and an individual removable top plate for installation and termination of conduit. Top and bottom conduit areas are to be clearly shown and dimensioned on the shop drawings. The wireway front covers shall be hinged to permit easy access to the branch fusible switch load side terminals. The paint finish shall be medium light gray, ANSI #49.

(A NEMA 3R enclosure for the switchboard shall be provided.)

Bussing

The switchboard bussing shall be sufficient cross-sectional area to meet UL Standard 891 on temperature rise. Through bus shall be (plated copper) (plated aluminum) (extruded aluminum plated by the Alstan 70 or 80* process) the through bus shall have an ampacity of (1200) (2000) (3000) (4000) (5000) (copper only) amperes and shall be braced to have a short circuit rating of (50,000) (100,000) (200,000) RMS symmetrical amperes. (The through bus shall have provisions for the addition of future sections.) The through bus supports, connections and joints are to be bolted with hex head bolts and belleville washers to minimize maintenance requirements.

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Select appropriate device specification, as listed below:

Protective Devices

DEVICE	CIRCUIT BREAKER	FUSIBLE SWITCH
Main Devices	A, B	c
Tie	A, B	С
Branch Feeder	B, D	C, E

A) Stored Energy Solid State Trip Circuit Breakers (main or tie only).

The circuit breaker shall be of the (fixed mounted) (drawout type), (manually) (electrically) operated as shown on the associated drawings or as listed in the equipment tabulation. The breaker operating mechanism is to be of the two step stored energy quick-make, quick-break type. First step operation of the charging handle or breaker motor is to charge the closing springs. A second step operation of a local "close" button is to close the breaker contacts. Glosing of the breaker contacts shall automatically charge the opening springs to insure quick-break operation. The trip unit shall be provided with (L,S) (L,S,I) (L,I) (L,S,G) (L,SI,G) (L,I,G) adjustable parameters.

B) Molded Case Circuit Breakers (main, tie or feeder).

The circuit breakers shall be individually mounted with a (thermal magnetic) (electronic) trip device. Each breaker is to be furnished with an externally operable mechanical means to trip the circuit breaker, enabling maintenance personnel to verify the ability of the circuit breaker trip mechanism to operate as well as to exercise the circuit breaker operating mechanism. The electronic trip version shall be provided with (L,S,I) (L,S,I,G) trip parameters.

C) Bolted Pressure Contact Switches (Main or Tie)

The (main switch) (main and branch switches) shall be of the fusible bolted pressure contact type with ratings as shown on the associated drawings.

Pressure contacts are to be made by firmly bolting blades to both top and bottom stationary contacts. The switches shall have quick-break kinematic-action mechanisms, inter-phase barriers and arcing equipment. (Switches shall be manually operated and have an electric trip mechanism which is piloted by the output of ground fault sensing circuitry. Power for the electric trip circuit shall be obtained from a control transformer connected from phase to phase on the line side of the switch. The electric trip coil shall be designed to operate at 55% of rated voltage.

In accordance with UL Standard 977, switches shall have an interrupting rating of 12 times the continuous rating. The operating mechanism shall permit closure of the switch only after the opening mechanism has

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been charged, to assure that the electrical tripping means shall immediately be in a condition to open the switch. Switches shall be Bolt-Loc as manufactured by Square D Company.

D) Circuit Breakers (Feeder Only)

Group mounted molded case circuit breakers are to be totally front accessible. The circuit breakers are to be mounted in the switchboard to permit installation, maintenance and testing without reaching over any line side bussing. The circuit breakers are to be removable by the disconnection of only the load side cable terminations and all line and load side connections are to be individual to each circuit breaker. No common mounting brackets or electrical bus connectors will be acceptable. Line side circuit breaker connections are to be jaw type plug-on.

Each circuit breaker is to be furnished with an externally operable mechanical means to trip the circuit breaker, enabling maintenance personnel to verify the ability of the circuit breaker trip mechanism to operate as well as exercise the circuit breaker operating mechanisms.

E) Fusible Switches

The fusible switches shall be quick-make, quick-break and shall be group mounted in panel-type construction. Switches of 30-200 amperes shall have plug-on line side connections and shall have built in fuse pullers (30-100A units). Each switch is to be contained in a separate steel enclosure. The enclosure will employ a hinged cover for access to the fuses which will be interlocked with the operating handle to prevent opening the cover when the switch is in the "On" position. This interlock shall be constructed so that it can be released with a standard electrician's tool for testing fuses without interrupting service. The units shall have padlocking provisions in the "Off" position and the operating handle position shall give positive indication, ie.: red for "On" and black for "Off" Switches shall pass industry standard I²t withstandability tests and fuse tests as described elsewhere in the specifications.

F) Ground Fault Relays (applies to device specifications B—thermal magnetic only, C and D, as stated above.)

The ground fault protection system shall include a

current sensor and appropriate relaying equipment. The current sensor shall enclose all phase (and neutral, if present) conductors of the circuit to be monitored. The current sensor shall be so constructed that one leg can be opened to allow removal of the sensor without disturbing the cables or requiring drop-links in the bussing. A test winding shall be provided to simulate the flow of ground fault current through the current sensor, in order to test the complete system, including sensor pick-up, relaying equipment and electric trip mechanism of the switch.

The ground fault relay shall be solid state construction and have adjustable pick-up for ground fault currents from 200 amperes to 1200 amperes. Settings for individual relays shall be (as shown on the plans) (______ amperes). Time delay provided by the ground fault relay circuitry shall be nominally (.1 second) (.2 second) (.3 second) (.5 second) and shall be permanently calibrated to preclude tampering with after installation.

The following secondary equipment shall be provided:
Type (MA) (ME) (MH) (PA) (PC) (PE) (PH) (SE) main circuit breaker, ampere frame (2) (3) pole: interrupting capacity A. Symmetrical at system voltage.
Type (FA) (FH) (KA) (KH) (LA) (LH) (MA) (ME) (MH) (PA) (PC) (PE) (PH) (SE) feeder circuit breaker, ampere frame, (2) (3) pole: interrupting capacityA. Symmetrical at system voltage.
A/(2) (3) pole (main) (feeder) bolt-loc bolted-pressure contact fusible switch. A/(2) (3) pole feeder QMB fusible
switch.
METERING COMPONENTS
(1)(2) — Voltmeters and 3-phase selector switch with "Off" position.
(1)(2) — Ammeter and 3-phase selector switch with "Off" position.
(1)(2) — Watthour meter (2) (2½) (3) element type (with) (without) demand register.
Current transformer, suitable ratio.

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