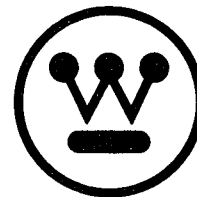


Instruction Book

I.L. 19-613 A



AccurCon II Static
Fixed Frequency Inverters

Master Pulse Generator

April 1973

Westinghouse Electric Corporation

Inverter Systems
Industrial Systems Division

Buffalo, New York

MASTER PULSE GENERATOR

Ref. Diagram: 3616C28 Schematic
2978D09 Assembly (P.C. Board)
2978D08 Block Schematic
2978D11 Wiring (Panel)
482B542 P.G. Oven Assembly

Purpose and Description

When a multiplicity of inverters are required to be paralleled for redundancy or to increase system power ratings, it is necessary to synchronize their individual oscillators to a common frequency source. This signal is present at all times and has sufficient redundancy in its circuitry to make it failure-proof.

The basic frequency source is a pulse generator which operates at a repetition rate equivalent to two (2) times (x) the output frequency of the inverter. Each pulse generator printed circuit board and components are in an oven cavity whose temperature stability is maintained to $\pm .005^{\circ}\text{C}$ at 65°C within an ambient temperature range of -40°C to $+60^{\circ}\text{C}$. Warm-up time is approximately 30 minutes from -20°C .

Referring to drawing 6353D02, oven power of 28 volts DC is supplied by redundant power supplies, power supply A and power supply B, transformers RC and TD, rectifiers RC and RD, filter capacitors CC and CD and isolation diodes D13 and D14.

The master pulse generator signal is achieved by using three (3) pulse generators timed for the same period. The output is arranged so that two of them have to be coincident to allow a pulse through to an output stage. If any one of the three (3) pulse generators is not operating or is at a different frequency, the other two still provide the proper output pulse. The first output pulse which occurs, also provides a start pulse which is fed as an input to the other pulse generators to insure that they start their timing at the same time in every period. To insure the optimum in reliability, integrated circuits are used to perform the coincident gate function, and the square wave generator which provides the synchronizing signal.

A further precaution is taken against failure in one of the gate or output stages: the final output is produced via a transformer which is designed to saturate with 10% margin on voltage. If a pulse is lost due to a failure, the transformer (T1, T2 or T3, 2978D08) saturates and the higher current is detected. The input is then crow-barred to prevent a disturbance. Transistor Q6 turns on to energize relay (#) MPR, indicating which board has failed. An indicating light and disconnect switch are provided on the test panel to isolate the bad board from the system. This board can be removed and repaired or replaced when a scheduled shutdown or bypass transfer can be performed. Otherwise, the board can remain disconnected for any period of time without any danger to the system, except the loss of redundancy of the pulse generators.

In addition to the three MPG failure indicating lights and disconnect switches, there is a light and switch to disconnect the input to each power supply. Under normal operating conditions, all switches should be "on" and should be turned off only when the system has a "Master Pulse Failure" (indicating light on).

Power supply switches are provided to facilitate testing. Switch S4 in conjunction with test point (TP) will allow the testing of the synchronizing board with an external synchronizing signal (12 VAC). Normal "on" position of this switch will permit the master pulse generator to synchronize to the bypass line.

Paralleling Control Panel

Ref. 3594C34

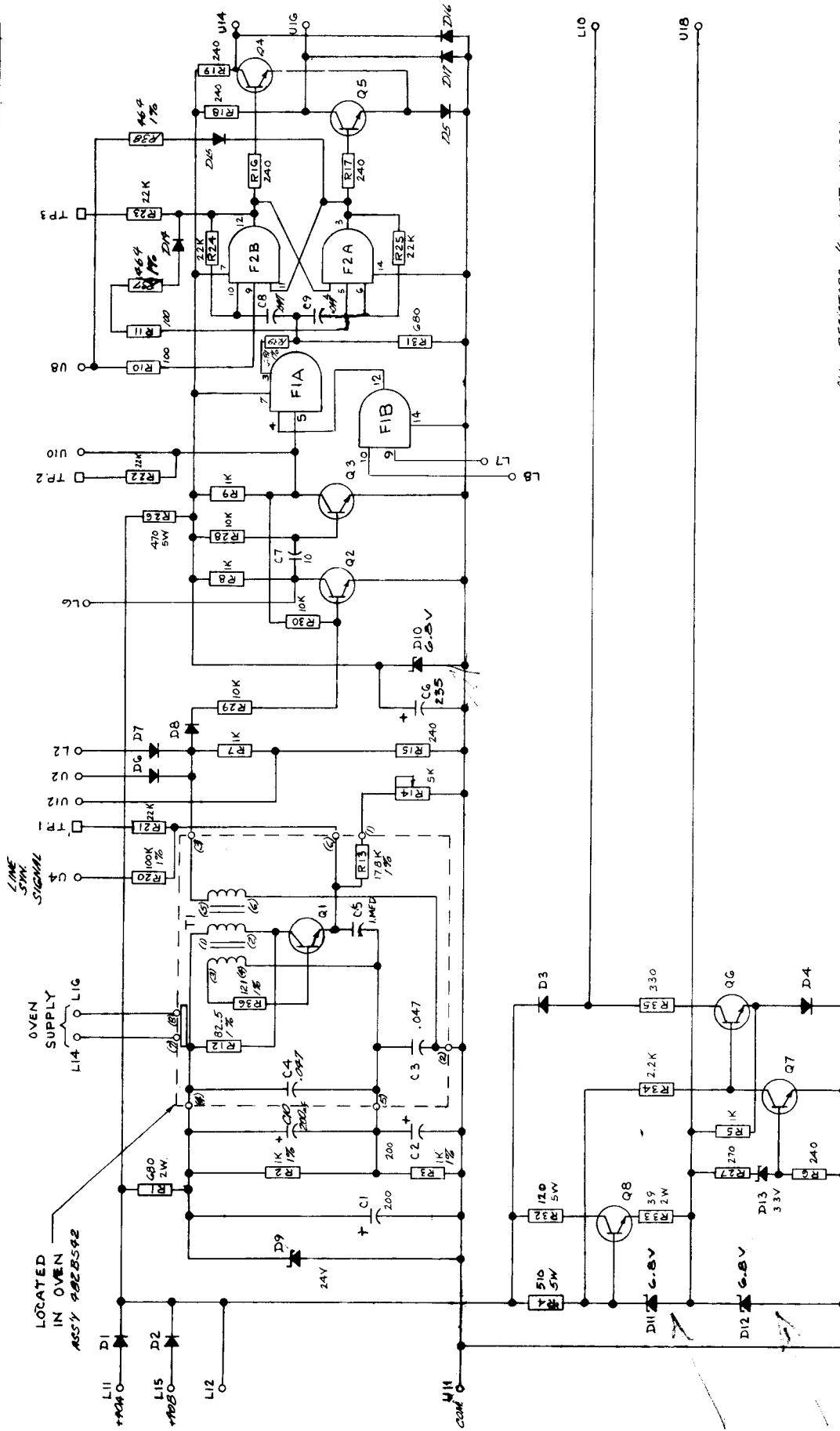
The paralleling control circuit consists of a three-phase control transformer (1T) with primary (28,29, 30) fed from the three-phase bypass line and with two isolated three-phase secondaries. One secondary (X1-X2) supplies the synchronizing signal, via terminal sync. of the logic drawer, to terminal U12 of the universal synchronous board. The other secondary (X3-X4) feeds a three-phase full-wave rectifier with a voltage divider output, which is fed via terminal RR of the logic drawer, into terminal L3 of the voltage regulator board to adjust the inverter output to match the bypass line voltage. In addition, relays are provided to permit remote operation of the synchronizing circuit.

- a. The synchronizing signal from the output of X1-X2 winding of 1T is a sine wave of a voltage roughly between 10 to 20 volts rms. A coarse adjustment of phase displacement between inverter output and bypass line is made by picking the correct combination of taps on this X1-X2 secondary winding. With X2 (20) and X1 (34) pick-up point for the synchronizing signal changed from X1-X2 phase 1 to X1-X2 phase 2, the inverter output will shift by 120 degrees with respect to the bypass line. There are a total 12 different phase references (every 30 degrees) that can be picked off this secondary winding. Three phase references result from connecting X2 to terminal 20 and X1 of the three phases to terminal 34. Three more phase references result from connecting X1 to 20 and X2 to 34. Six more phase references result from jumpering the three X2 terminals together and connecting terminals 34 and 20 from phase-to-phase in the six different combinations.
- b. The external voltage reference signal at terminal 21 (terminal 20 is common) is a DC signal that can attain both positive and negative values depending on the voltage at the primary of 1T. To set up this circuit initially, it is necessary to set the voltage at terminals E1, E2, E3 (bypass line voltage) to be equal to the inverter output voltage with the LR relay de-energized. Then potentiometer 1P should be adjusted until wire 37 is at 0 volts. This can be checked by connecting a meter from 37 to 20 (common). It can be seen then that as the bypass line voltage is increased above the inverter output voltage, the voltage at 37 goes positive with respect to terminal 20 (common); and as the bypass line voltage becomes less than the inverter output voltage, the voltage at 37 becomes negative with respect to 20 (common). Thus, if relay LR is energized, the voltage error signal at 21 will be applied to the external reference voltage input terminal L3 of the voltage regulator board via terminal RR of the logic drawer and will correct the inverter output to match the bypass line.

c. The following relays are provided to allow remote control of the signal voltages:

- "LR" - Relays are energized when "lock" pushbutton is operated to phase lock the "UPS" with the bypass line and automatically match voltages for a make-before-break transfer. Relay will de-energize if (1) "sync lock release" P.B. is operated, (2) "SR" relay is energized, (3) "VR" relay de-energizes at set point.
- "LRA" - Relays are energized when "lock" pushbutton is operated to phase lock the "UPS" with the bypass line and automatically match voltages for a make-before-break transfer. Relay will de-energize if (1) "sync lock release" P.B. is operated, (2) "SR" relay is energized, (3) "VR" relay de-energizes at set point.
- "SR"- Relay is energized when sync pushbutton is operated to synchronize master pulse generator frequency to bypass line frequency. Relay will de-energize when (1) "sync lock release" P.B. is operated, (2) "LR" relay is energized, (3) "VR" relay de-energizes at set point.
- "VR"- Voltage sensing relay contact will open if bypass voltage is below 100 volts AC. Relays "LR" or "SR" will be de-energized to prevent a make-before-break transfer during low bypass line conditions or to remain synchronized to a failing bypass source. A spare contact is available if required to provide "low bypass voltage" alarm at terminals 10 and 11.

DWG. 3616C28 SUB 1

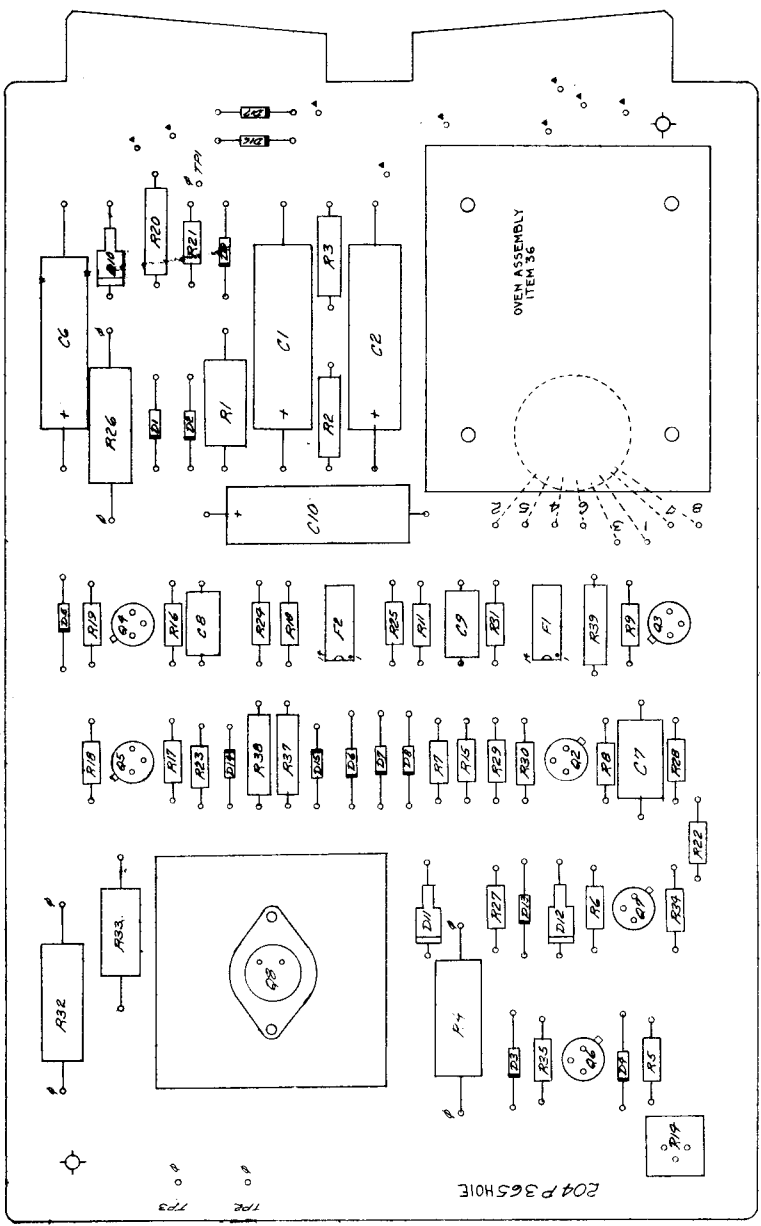


ALL RESISTORS 1/2 WATT UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED

WESTINGHOUSE ELECTRIC CORPORATION
 TITLE MASTER PULSE GENERATOR
 DIMENSIONS IN INCHES - SCALE
 DATE 11-14-54
 DRAWN BY J. CHAPMAN
 CHECKED BY R. D. COOK
 DESIGNED BY R. D. COOK
 PART & NAME 3616C28

ASST 2978009
 CHANGE
 Future

QTY	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	ASSEMBLY
1	PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD	PCB	ASSEMBLY
1	RESISTOR 10K 1/4W	R1	ASSEMBLY
1	RESISTOR 10K 1/4W	R2	ASSEMBLY
1	RESISTOR 10K 1/4W	R3	ASSEMBLY
1	RESISTOR 10K 1/4W	R4	ASSEMBLY
1	RESISTOR 10K 1/4W	R5	ASSEMBLY
1	RESISTOR 10K 1/4W	R6	ASSEMBLY
1	RESISTOR 10K 1/4W	R7	ASSEMBLY
1	RESISTOR 10K 1/4W	R8	ASSEMBLY
1	RESISTOR 10K 1/4W	R9	ASSEMBLY
1	RESISTOR 10K 1/4W	R10	ASSEMBLY
1	RESISTOR 10K 1/4W	R11	ASSEMBLY
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1	RESISTOR 10K 1/4W	R96	ASSEMBLY
1	RESISTOR 10K 1/4W	R97	ASSEMBLY
1	RESISTOR 10K 1/4W	R98	ASSEMBLY
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1	RESISTOR 10K 1/4W	R100	ASSEMBLY

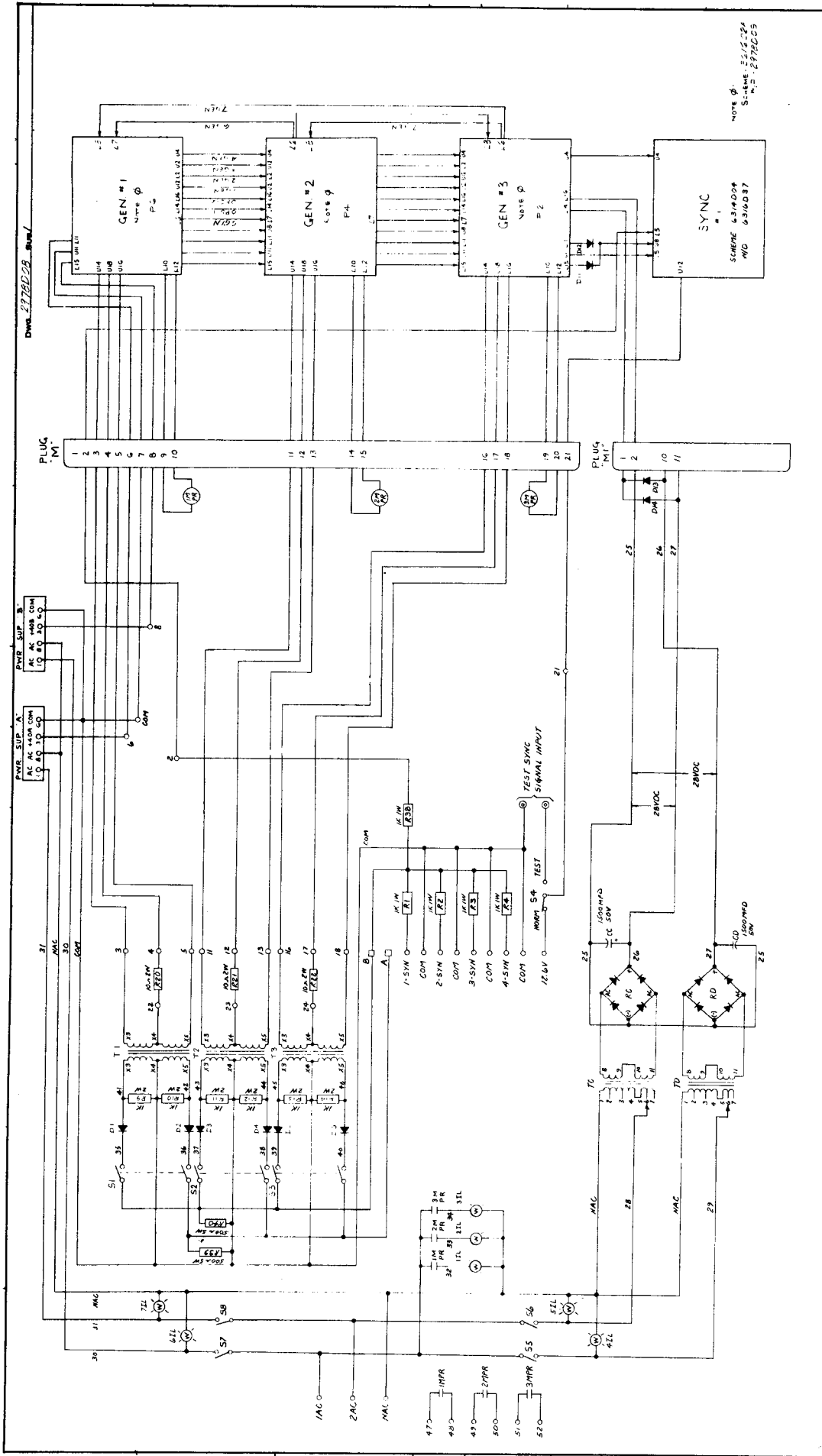


- NOTES
- 1) BOARD TO BE FIRM MOUNTED PER PROCESS SPEC. BU 293 614
 - 2) BOARD TO BE GATED WITH IMPROPERLY WITHIN SEMI/OB
 - 3) SLOTS TO INSTALL 9 GROUNDING WARES (READY-TO-CONNECT) AT POINTS INDICATED

2978DO5

WESTINGHOUSE ELECTRIC CORPORATION

Change only by authorized personnel



DRAWING NO. 2778D08 - Rev. 1

NOTE: S-REVISION 5/16/54
P.S. - 2778D08

WESTINGHOUSE ELECTRIC CORPORATION
TITLE: MASTER PULSE GENERATOR

DRAWING NO. 2778D08

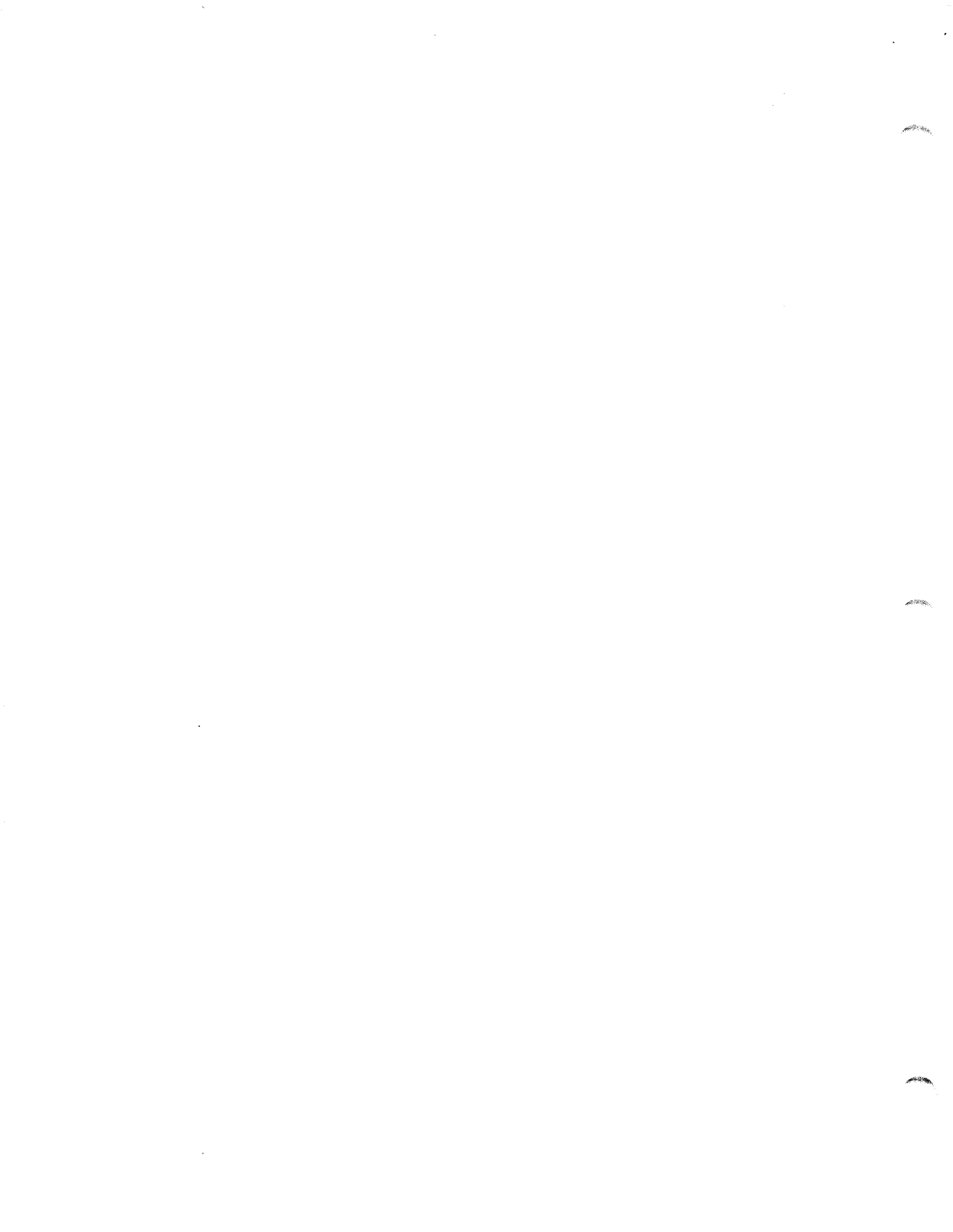
DATE: 1/15/54
BY: J. H. HARRIS
CHECKED: J. H. HARRIS

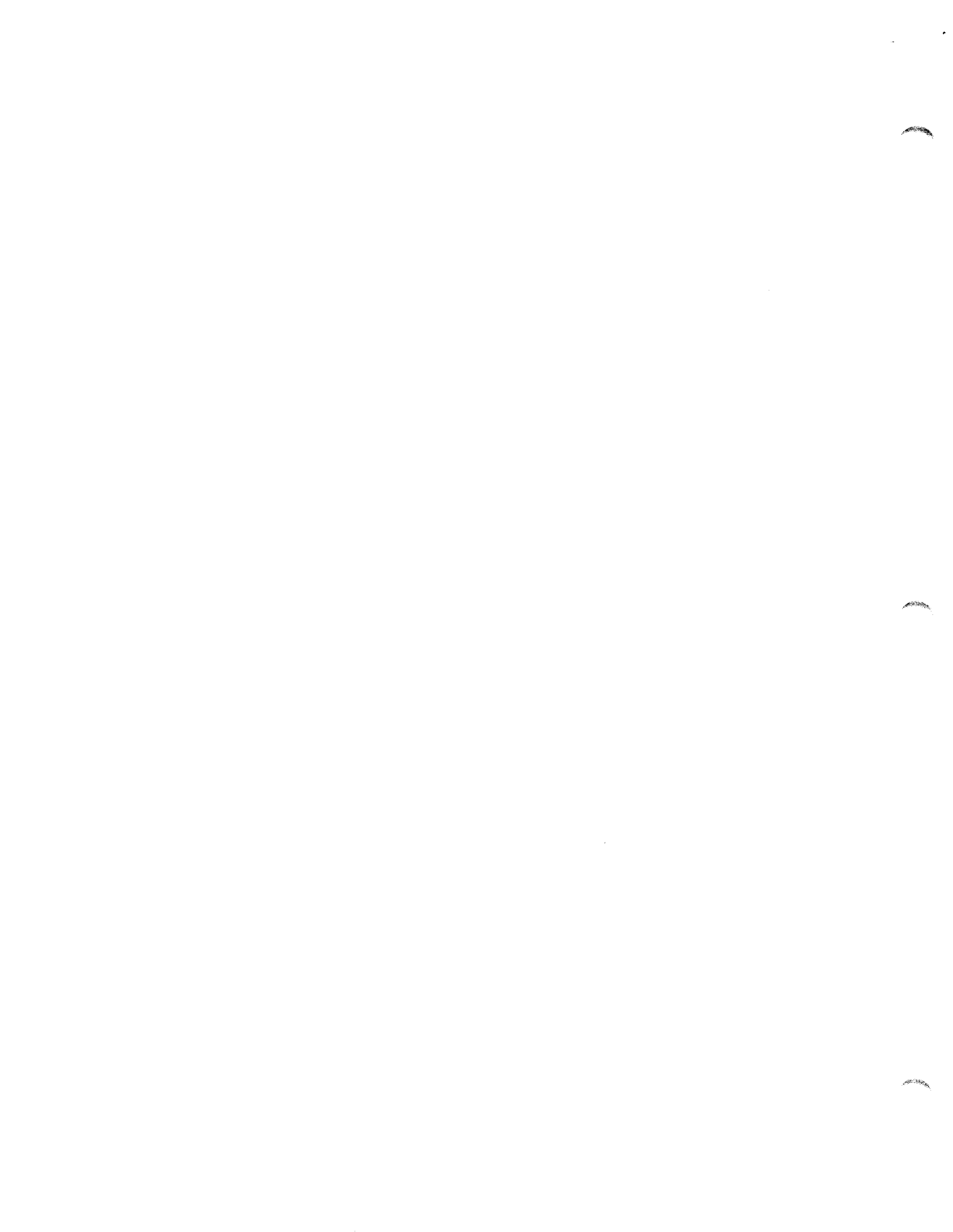
SCALE: SCHEMATIC

SHEET NO. 1 OF 1

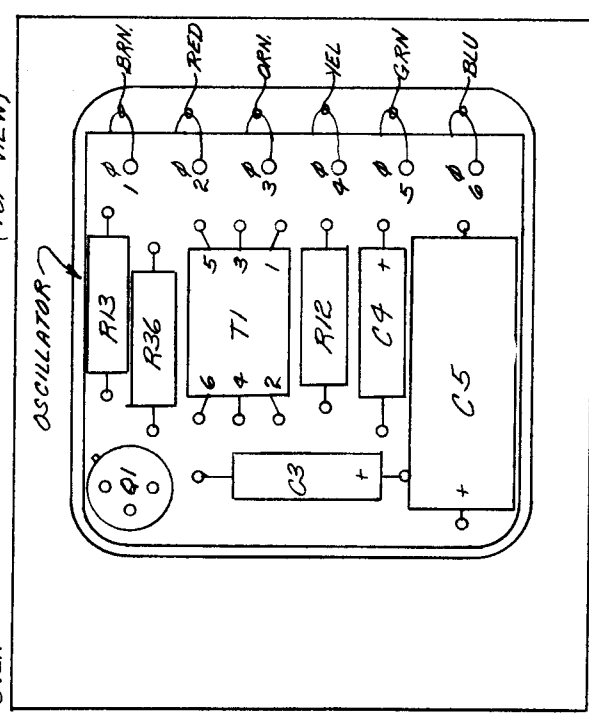
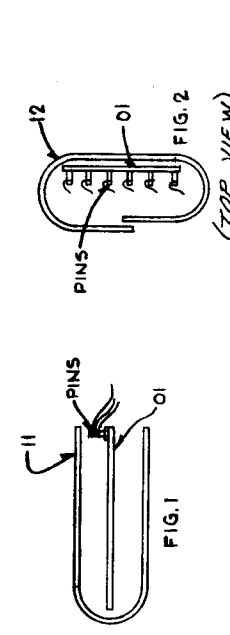
PROJECT LOCATION: S.Y.S. COMB.

WORKING DRAWING, INTERNAL U.S.A.





DWG. 482B542 SUB. 12



ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION - MATERIAL DIMENSIONS IN INCHES	PATT. NO. OR REF. DWG.	FIN. CH. LINE NO.	STYLE NO.	RECD.	TOOL RECORD ROUTING
C 01	PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD	PE 4002		204P442	1	
B 02	TRANSFORMER 1/2 W 1%			443A255H08	1	T1
B 03	RES. 1/2 W 1%			443A255H08	1	R36
B 04	TRANSISTOR 2N1711			461A590A02	1	Q1
B 05	CAP. .097 MF 100V			486A238H06	2	C3, C4
B 06	CAP. 10 MF 100V			2038A29H03	1	C5
B 07	RES. 17.8K 1/2 W 1%			443A255H08	1	R12
B 08	TURRET LUG			26D 9281-2	6	
B 09	OVEN CAT # 3765-1				1	
C 10	RES. 825 1/2 W 1%			486A238H06	1	R12
C 11	NOMAX INS. MTL. 1.9" x 4"			PDS 42333-AA	1	
C 12	NOMAX INS. MTL. 1.9" x 5"			PDS 42333-AA	1	

QTY	DESCRIPTION	ITEMS FOR THIS DWG.	MULT.	ROUTING
01	COMP. ASS'Y	01 TO 12	1	MEO

A. B. O. OVEN INDUSTRIES INC.
 B. TO BE PURCHASED FROM ELECTRO-CUBE NO SUBSTITUTION
 WITHOUT PERMISSION OF STATIC APPARATUS DEVEL.

C-SHOP ASSEMBLY PROCEDURE
 1. CONNECT COLOR CODED WIRES TO OSCILLATOR
 P.C. BOARD 204P442 AS SHOWN.
 2. WRAP P.C. BOARD 204P442 WITH IT.11 (NOMAX INS. MTL) AS SHOWN
 IN FIG.1. THEN WRAP P.C. BOARD WITH IT.12 (NOMAX INS. MTL.)
 AS SHOWN IN FIG. 2.
 3. INSERT WRAPPED P.C. BOARD INTO OVEN CAVITY, SNAP TOP
 COVER ON AND COMPLETE OVEN ASSEMBLY.
 P.C. BOARD 204P442 TO BE FLOW SOLDERED AND COATED
 WITH PROTECTIVE VARNISH 32101JB

V 999
 2-15-72
 SUB. 12

WESTINGHOUSE ELECTRIC CORPORATION		01
TITLE PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD OVEN (FOR MASTER		L
PULSE GENERATOR 3393D15) ASSEMBLY		
DIMENSIONS IN INCHES - SCALE		
DFTM.	APPD. MR. [Signature]	7/3/68
PHILIP B. CARPSON	APPD.	
	APPD. [Signature]	7-4-68
DIV. & PLANT LOCATION		15D
MASTER PULSE GEN 3393D15		
DESIGNED	BY	
DRAWN	BY	
CHECKED	BY	
APPROVED	BY	
DATE		
FORM 8-54		

482B542

6-2144
 ITS. 11.12, FIG. 1 & 2
 FIG. 2 WERE NOT ON
 SYM. C WAS NOT ON
 WITH SHOP NOTES.
 R. MUSZYNSKI 2-15-72
 R. MISZKIEWICZ 2-15-72

S D 692830
 1
 CHANGE

FORM 8-54

BUFFALO DIVISION, BUFFALO, N. Y., U.S.A.
 E. K. KELLY NO. 108 ELCO-VEL 1000-847

