

INSTRUCTIONS

GEI-90804A Supersedes GEN-90804

DC UNDERVOLTAGE RELAY NGV17A



SWITCHGEAR DEPARTMENT

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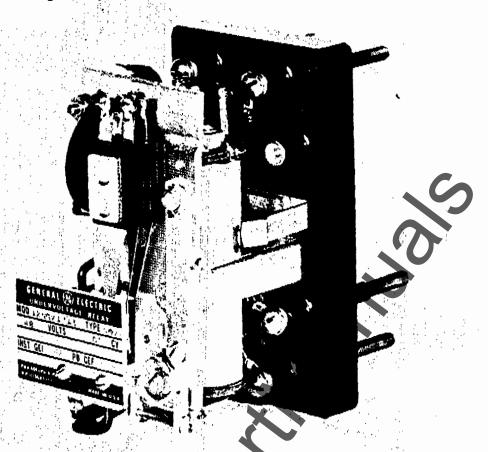


Fig. 1 (8031286) NGV17A Relay Removed From Case, Front Right Oblique View

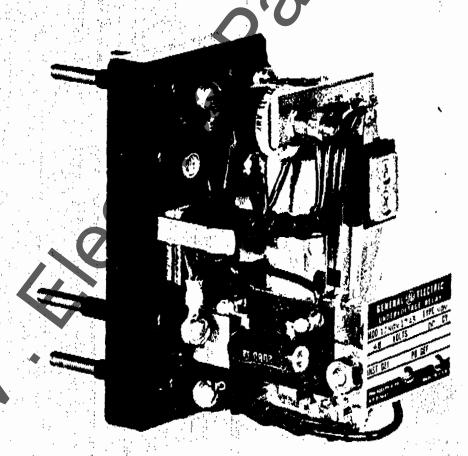


Fig. 2 (8031287) NGV17A Relay Removed From Case, Front Left Oblique View

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D-C UNDERVOLTAGE RELAY NGV17A

DESCRIPTION

The NGV17A relay is an instantaneous d-c undervoltage relay with extra high-dropout designed specifically to be used to monitor the d-c charging supply for a station battery to sound an alarm if this supply fails.

The telephone-type voltage unit has a zener regulator in series with the operating coil and the fixed and adjustable resistors. Also the relay has one normally open and one normally closed contact but no target. It is packaged in a molded case, either flush or surface mounted. It is normally used in conjunction with one time delay drop out auxiliary relay.

APPLICATION

Because the NGV17A picks up at 105% of drop out voltage or less, it finds application wherever a high-speed, extra high drop out, d-c relay is required.

Usually the NGV17A relay is used to detect station battery undervoltage and to provide an alarm. Since some operating conditions may temporarily lower the d-c voltage, it is suggested that the NGV17A be used in conjunction with a time delay auxiliary relay to prevent false alarms.

Figure 6 shows the NGV17A used in conjunction with a time delay drop out HFA65D relay which provides a time delay of about two seconds and at the same time monitors the a-c supply to the battery charger. This arrangement will sound an alarm not only when a prolonged d-c undervoltage occurs but also when the a-c power is lost without waiting for the battery voltage to decay.

When the NGV17A relay is used to monitor either a lead-acid or a nickel-cadmium battery, it is suggested that the drop out be set about 98% of the fully charged open circuit voltage of the battery. For example, the fully charged open circuit voltage of a 60 cell lead-acid battery will be 123 volts and the suggested NGV17A setting about 121 volts. Also the relay must pick up at the lowest acceptable battery charger output.

RATINGS

Table A gives detailed information on the NGV17A relay coil ratings and the resistors are listed on Figure 3. The resistors are supplied as a

TABLE A

RELAY MODEL	COIL D.C. RESISTANCE OHMS	VOLTAGE DC
NGV17A1	2500	250
NGV17A2	2500	125
NCV17A3	200	48

part of the relay and each relay is calibrated with its resistors.

Table B gives the relay contact interrupting ratings. These contacts will make and carry three amperes continuously or 30 amperes for two seconds.

TABLE B INTERRUPTING RATINGS

A-C VOLTS	A	AMPS
	INDUCTIVE*	NON-INDUCTIVE
115 230	0.75 0.5	2.0 1.5
D-C VOLTS		
48 125 250	1.0 0.5 0.25	3.0 1.5 1.0

^{*} The inductive rating is based on the indictive of an average tripping coil.

CHARACTERISTICS

OPERATING PRINCIPLES

The NGV17A is a hinged armature type relay which operates by electromagnetic attraction. The contacts are opened and closed by the movement of an armature which is restrained by an opening spring and operated by the D.C. selenoid. The high drop out feature results from the characteristic of the zener diode regulator.

The NGV17A relay pick up can be adjusted by means of the variable resistor R1. The relay will pick up at 105% or less of drop out voltage.

BURDEN

The resistances of the d-c windings are given in Table A.

These instructions do not purport to cover all details or variations in equipment nor to provide for every possible contingency to be met in connection with installation, operation or maintenance. Should further information be desired or should particular problems arise which are not covered sufficiently for the purchaser's purposes, the matter should be referred to the General Electric Company.

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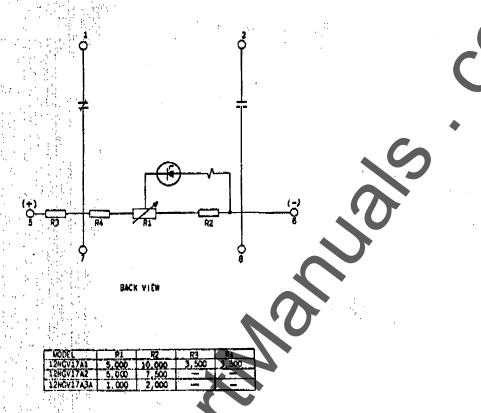


Fig. 3 (0165A7517-1) Internal Connection Diagram And Table Of Resistance Valves Of The NGV17A Relay

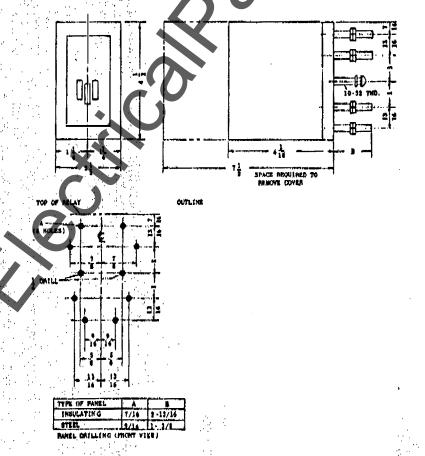


Fig. 4 (0148A3979-2) Outline And Drilling Dimensions For The Projection Mounted NGV17A Relay

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imum dropout, is given in Table C. If the relay is set for a higher dropout then the current at rated volts will be less.

TABLE C

250 V02 125 V02 48 V066	t	Currer	Maximum	Rated Volts					
			.02	250 V.					
27	, '	6	.06	48 V.					

CONSTRUCTION

The telephone-type voltage unit, the fixed and variable registors and the zener regulator are mounted on a compound base, and the cover is attached to the front of this base. See Fig. 4 and Fig. 5 for dimensions and panel drilling.

RECEIVING, HANDLING AND STORAGE

These relays, when not included as part of a control panel, will be shipped in cartons designed to protect them against damage. Immediately upon receipt of a relay, examine it for any damage sustained in transit. If injury or dam ge resulting from rough handling is evident, file a damage claim at once with the transportation company and promptly notify the nearest General Electric Apparatus Sales

Reasonable care should be exercised in unpacking the relay. If the relays are not to be installed immediately, they should be stored in their original cartons in a place that is free from moisture, dust and metallic chips. Foreign matter collected on the outside of the case may find its way inside when the cover is removed and cause trouble in the operation of the relay.

ACCEPTANCE TESTS

Immediately upon receipt of the relay an inspection and acceptance test should be made to insure that no damage has been sustained in shipment.

VISUAL INSPECTION

Check the nameplate stamping to insure that the model number, rating and calibration range of the relay received agree with the requisition.

Remove the relay from its case and check by visual inspection that there are no broken or cracked molded parts or other signs of physical damage, and that all screws are tight.

MECHANICAL INSPECTION

It is recommended that the following mechanical adjustments be checked:

Operate the armature by hand allow it to reset to insure that all parts are free from friction or binds.

The current at rated volts when set for min- 2. With the relay deenergized each normally open contact should have a gap of .010 Observe the wipe on each normally closed contact by deflecting the stationary contact member towards the frame. Wipe should be approxitowards the frame. mately .005".

> The wipe on each normally open contact should be approximately .005". This can be checked by inserting a .005" shim between the residual screw and the pole piece and operating the armature by hand. The normally open contacts should make before the residual screw strikes the shim.

INSTALLATION PROCEDURE

If after the performance of the ACCEPTANCE TESTS, the relay is held in storage before shipment to the job site, it is recommended that the visual and mechanical inspection described in the section on ACCEPTANCE TESTS be repeated before installation.

Also the relay should be set at the dropout value to be used and it should be checked. When making this check, the relay should be installed in its permanent location and preheated. After the dropout is set, check that the relay will pick up at the lowest acceptable battery charger output voltage. Also check that the contact adjustment is correct (see section on ACCEPTANCE TESTS).

PERIODIC CHECKS AND ROUTINE MAINTENANCE

In view of the vital roll of protective relays in the operation of a power system it is important that a periodic test program befollowed. It is recognized that the interval between periodic checks will vary depending upon environment, type of relay and the user's experience with periodic testing. Until the user has accumulated enough experience to select the test interval best suited to his individual requirements it is suggested that the following points be checked at an interval of from one to two years.

MECHANICAL CHECKS

Manually operate the armature and allow it to reset to make sure that there is no excessive friction or tendency to bind.

Check the contact gap and wipe, values should agree with those given in the section under AC-CEPTANCE TESTS.

Examine the contact surfaces for signs of tarnishing or corrosion.

Set the battery charger at its lowest charging rate and check the pickup and dropout. The pickup voltage should be 106% or less of the drop out voltage. A voltmeter with at least 1000 ohms per volt should be used for making the test. If it is necessary to make adjustments refer to the section on SERVICING.

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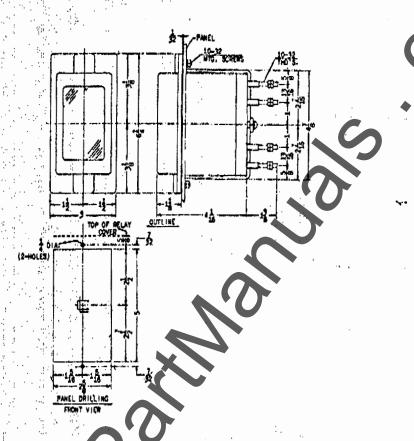


Fig. 5 (0148A3978-2) Outline And Panel Drilling Dimensions For The Semi-Flush Mounted NGV17A Relay

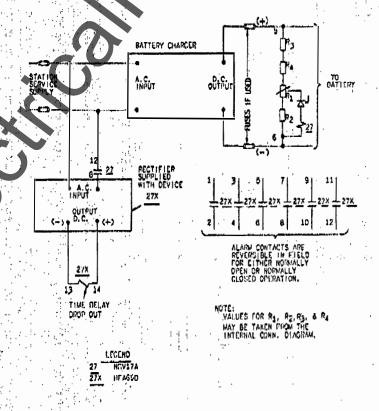


Fig. 6 (0165A7553) External Connections For The NGV17A Relay With HFA65D Relay For Low Battery Voltage Indication

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Type NGV

Voltage Relays

BE Protective Relays

SELECTION	GUIDE-	AC
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No. Units	-		Contacts	Cal.	W/O Torget	- With Torget		Col.	W/O Target	With Tenget		Core	in it	2 (28)
	Valt	Frag. (Hz)	(Per Unit)	Ronge (V)	Model Number	Model Number	Tar. Rat. (Amps)	Ronge (V)	Model Number	Model	Par. Rat. (Amps)	2114	Net	Sup
management of the same	69	60		40-58	12NGV15A30						,			
1	120 206 240 480	30/60	特特	70-100 121-173 140-200 280-400	A21 A22 A23 A11	1;3;7;;1;;- ;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;		2 A E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E	1172617972 .drt26cpv.e .cr26cv.ev.	40		Molded	15. (a)	512.3
	69 170 208 240	60		40-58 100-140 121-173 140-200	12NGV13A14A A15A A12A A13A	1 1 4 1 5 1 1 1 5 4 4 2 1 5 4 6 7 7 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	3 1 1 4 2 1 3 4 3 3 - L	1 1 . 2 . 2 . 2 . 5 . 2 . 2 . 5 . 2 . 1 X . 5 . 5 .			7 4 5 2 4 5 2 4 5	- Designation of the last of t	700	The same of the sa
	120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120	50/60	***	40-58 35-50 70-100 70-100 80-120 80-120 121-173 121-173 140-200 140-200	ATTA	12NGV13828A 839A 825A 830A 830A 820A 822A 822A 823A	2222020202020				1 6 6 5 6 3 1 2 8 6 8 9 8 2 1 8 2 1 8 1 6 6 7 1 8 1 6 7 1 7			And the control of th
2*	120 208 240 120	60 30/60	+ *+*	70-100 121-173 140-200 70-100	12NGV12A12A A13A A11A	12NGV) 2815A	ت ت		**************************************	*********	- 4,2 c	52	· ; (\$)	
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	20 208 240	50/60	ተጥ ጉጥ	40-58 70-100 121-173 140-200	12NGV) 1A20A A11A A12A A13A		112	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		* 2 * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	1 5 4 1 2 4 1 7 8 1 4 3	100		

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ec-unit research the normally dosed contacts and the normally open are wired out in pombet.

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STATION BATTERY MONITORI

Number of Units per Relay	Volts De	Calibration Pange Dropout Yolk		Herts	A-N	Time Delay (sec)	Co1+	Net	er Wi (kg) Gas
,	125 125 125 125	40-54 54-86 100-140 100-140	20 120 120 208 240	60	12h A A1A A1A A2A A3A	0.5	5)	10(4.5)	

^{* 2-}unit and 3-unit relays have two targets.

① In two-unit and three-unit relays, the normally open contacts are wired out in series, and the normally closed are wired out in perallel.

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Type NGV

Voltage Relays

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WHERE TO USE

The Type NGV relay is a high-speed relay designed for calibration on decreasing voltage (drop-out), or increasing voltage (pick-up) and may be continuously energized at rated voltage. The NGV19 is a special relay available for application as a battery monitor.

The NGV is an instantaneous, voltage-operated, hinged-armature telephone type relay. It is available with one, two, or three independent units in one case. These units are designed for direct-current. Where the relays are to be applied to alternating-current, a bridge-type circuit provides full-wave rectification for the coil circuit. See Fig. 2. In both the ac and do versions, a mere diode in the coil circuit establishes a tharply-defined set point controlled by a theostat that is mounted on the front of the relay

Some specific applications for the redervoltage NGV relays are listed below:

- I Instantaneous undervoltage detection for preferred emergency throwover control equipment.
- 2. Ground fault detection for faultedphase selection on ungrounded systems.
- 3 Phase fault detection for disabling telephone or telemetering services at stations with weak backfeed on carrier channels used for relay protection of other terminals.

For Type NGV17A, 17B, 17C, 18A, and 19A, the pick-up voltage is less than 5 percent higher than the dropout voltage. For all other type NGV relays, the pickup voltage is less than 10 percent higher than the dropc ut voltage. The voltage range from the beginning of the relay action to its completion is approximately I percent of the rated voltage. The relay pick-up time is

approximately 2 cycles and the drop-out characteristic is shown in Fig. 3.

The ac burden per element is 4 to 5 watts maximum.

The NGV19 relay is a time-delay, do undervoltage relay with extra high dropout designed specifically to monitor the do charging supply for a station battery and sound an alarm if this supply fails. The relay contains an instantaneous undervoltage unit connected to the station battery, and an auxiliary time-delay unit connected to the ac battery charging power supply.

This time-delay unit provides a minimum time delay of one-half second after the undervoltage unit operates. It is not sensitive to fluctuations in the ac supply since it will stay held-in down to 25 percent voltage. If the ac supply fails, however, the time-delay unit drops out and sounds the alarm without waiting for the battery voltage to decrease.



Close and carry 30 amperes de for tripping duty at 250 yelts de or less.

INTERRUPTING RATING

Volh	Amp (inductive)	Amp (Noninductive)
24 dc 48 dc	1.0	3.0 3.0
250 de	0.25	5.7 .5
69 50/60 Hz 120 50/60 Hz 20 /60 Hz	0.75 0.5	3.0
26 /60 Hz 277 30/60 Hz 480 50/60 Hz	0.5 0.4 0.25	
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OTE: The inductive rating is based on the inductance of an average trip coil.



(Photo 6043189)

Type NOVIS undersollage relay

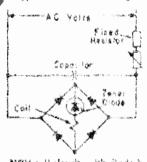


Fig. 2. NGV call street, with stude by ign

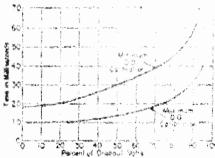


Fig. 3. NOV relayed time to close the N. C. contacts when reliage is suddenly reduced from 110% rated value to value shown or glassh

SELECTION GUIDS-DG

	ALCHON VOIDE DE													
Ne. Units Per Case		Calibration Range Grapout Valte	Medel Number	Contacts		Model Number	Contacts		hisda! Number	Corrocis		C.014 C:34	4 pro/	A WII
1	24 48 125 250	19-27 38-54 100-140 260-280	12NGV17AA A2 A4	IN.O. IN.C.	Bock Colvi	12NGV1782	1 N.O.	đạck Conn	1246-1763	120	Front Corn.	An old self	3(* 4-	\$(2.3)
1 1	24 48 125 250	18-24 38-54 100-140 200-280	12NGV18A4A A3A A2A A1A	IN.C.	\$1 Case							i de	10(4.5)	\$\$ (g)

The molded care is similar to the HGA11 relay. Add "F" to 5 10 10 for semi-flush mounting. Example 12NG V25A1F.

APPENDENCE:

网络加尼州加尔尼亚亚	
Dimensions	Section 14 (7380)
How to Order	Section 1 (7210)
Prices Hund	
Instruction Books	
Target and Contact Data	
Relay Standards	
Banawal Parte Information	Section 21 (7300)

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