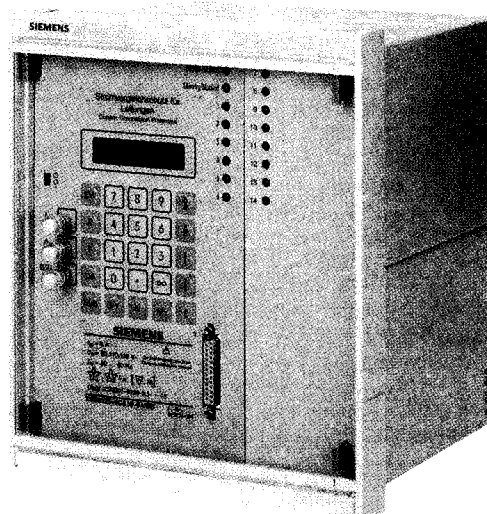


## Current comparison protection 7SD511/512 for overhead lines and cables



7SD511



7SD512

Fig. 1  
Current comparison protection 7SD51

### Application

The current comparison protection units 7SD511/512 are for fast and selective short-circuit protection of cables and overhead lines of all voltage levels. The combination of dynamic and steady-state measurement makes the current comparison protection sensitive to internal high-resistance faults and extremely stable during short-circuit through currents. Neither the treatment of the network neutrals nor the load current has an influence on the short-circuit sensitivity. The digital transmission of protection data normally occurs via fibre optics. The integrated optical interfaces facilitate a direct connection up to 15 km. In addition an isolated V.24 interface permits the connection to a powerful optoamplifier or a PCM transmission unit. The protection also includes an integrated thermal replica for monitoring the current-induced heat losses and the data transmission and an emergency overcurrent protection. In addition the 7SD512 has an automatic-reclosure function. The devices can interface with conventional switchgear systems or alternatively be integrated in the modern substation control system LSA 678.

### Construction

The units are of compact design and include all components for the measured value formation and evaluation, operator panel and display field, alarm and trip outputs, binary input option, serial interfaces and auxiliary voltage DC/DC converter.

Two housing models are available. The model for flush mounting or cubicle mounting has rear connection elements. The model for surface mounting has screw terminals which are accessible from the front.

### Mode of operation

The current comparison protection units 7SD51 have fully digital measurement processing from the scanning and digitisation of measured values to the trip decisions for the circuit-breakers.

Digital measurement methods largely suppress the influence of high-frequency transients, transient DC components, and differing current transformer saturation levels.

### Features

- Selective short-circuit protection for cables and overhead lines,
- Overload protection with thermal characteristic,
- Digital transmission of protection data via fibre optics,
- Circuit-breaker intertripping and remote trip signal transfer,
- Marshallable binary inputs, LED's, alarm and trip relays,
- Operational current measurement,
- Fault recording,
- Commissioning aids,
- Monitoring the protection data transmission,
- Emergency overcurrent-time protection in case of loss of the data transmission,
- Integrated single and three-pole auto-reclose function for 7SD512.

**Auto-reclose function**

The relay 7SD512 has an auto-reclose (AR) facility. The range of functions include:

- Three-pole AR for all fault types
- Single-pole AR for single-phase faults, no reclose for multi-phase faults
- Single-pole AR for single-phase faults and three-pole AR for multi-phase faults
- Single or multi-shot AR
- Integration with external AR equipment with communication via binary (contact) inputs and outputs
- Control of the integrated AR function by an external protection scheme.

**Disturbance recording**

The digital measured values for the three-phase and earth currents are stored for a period of 100 ms before fault inception until 2.9 s after fault inception. This data can be transferred either to the coordinated substation control system LSA 678 or to a PC for analysis. This stored information will be overwritten upon occurrence of a new network fault, so that the most recent fault data is always available.

**Fault reports**

The 7SD511/512 provide detailed data for the analysis of protection operations, as well as for the recording of all relay operational status changes (e. g. relay blocked/ready). All these data are stored in a non-volatile memory.

- Real-time clock  
A battery back-up clock is available, which is synchronized via a digital input or the system serial interface to supply time/date information for fault reports.
- Relay operation reports  
Summarized fault data for the last three relay operations are always available. A new fault recording overwrites the oldest data.
- Service status reports  
All relay service status changes are recorded in a ring buffer. In addition, it is possible to inspect the on-line input current values (viz. three-phase currents and earth current) via the front panel LCD display.

**Marshalling of command and alarm/event relays, LED's and binary inputs**

All input/output relays and indicating LED's may be functionally allocated according to the user's requirements.

**Commissioning**

Due to the digital signal transmission to the remote line end, commissioning effort is reduced by measurement and indication of:

- Load currents of the local and remote station,
- Transfer time of signals from one station to the other,
- Phase sequence of the local station,
- Phase allocation of the conductors between the stations.

This enables the current transformer connections, the polarity of the current transformers, phase sequence and phase allocation to be tested from the one end.

## Current comparison protection 7SD511/512 for overhead lines and cables

### Technical data

<b>Input circuits</b>	Rated current $I_N$ Rated frequency $f_N$ , can be parameterized Thermal overload capacity of current inputs, continuous 10 s 1 s dynamic, half-cycle Power consumption of current inputs at $I_N = 1$ A at $I_N = 5$ A	1 or 5 A 50 or 60 Hz $4 \times I_N$ $30 \times I_N$ $100 \times I_N$ $250 \times I_N$ < 0.1 VA < 0.5 VA
<b>Auxiliary DC voltage</b>	Rated auxiliary voltage $U_H$  Permissible rated auxiliary voltage ranges  Max. perm. ripple content at rated auxiliary voltage Power consumption quiescent energised  Stored-energy time at $U_H \geq 110$ V	24, 48 V or 60, 110, 125 V or 220, 250 V  19 to 56 V 48 to 144 V 176 to 288 V  $\leq 12\%$ approx. 9 W approx. 10.5 W $\geq 50$ ms
<b>Binary inputs</b>	Marshallable 7SD511/512 DC operating voltage Current input	4/10 24 to 250 V approx. 2.5 mA
<b>Alarm contacts</b>	Number of fault alarm relays 7SD511/512 not marshallable Number of alarm relays 7SD511/512 marshallable Contacts per relay Switching capacity Make/Break Switching voltage Permissible current	1/1 4/10 see connection diagrams 20 W/VA 250 V AC/DC 1 A
<b>Trip contacts</b>	Number of trip relays 7SD511/512 marshallable Contacts per relay Switching capacity Make Break Switching voltage Permissible current continuous 0.5 s	2/5 see connection diagrams 1000 W/VA 30 W/VA 250 V AC/DC 5 A 30 A
<b>LED displays</b>	Ready for operation green Fault indication red Marshallable LED's 7SD511/512 red	1 1 6/14
<b>Construction of unit</b>	Casing, dimensions Weight, terminals panel flush mounting/cubicle mounting panel surface mounting Degree of protection according to DIN 40 050	7XP20, see dimension drawings approx. 6.5 kg, see connection diagrams approx. 8 kg, 30 terminals IP 51
<b>Standards, specifications</b>	DIN VDE 0435 Part 303 and IEC 255-5 or IEC 255-6	
<b>Climatic tests</b>	Permissible ambient temperatures in service in storage during transport  Humidity class	- 5 to +50°C -25 to +55°C -25 to +70°C Class F to DIN 40 040 no condensation permitted
<b>Mechanical stress test</b> acc. to DIN 40046	In service  During transport	10 to 60 Hz: 0.035 mm amplitude 60 to 500 Hz: 0.5 g acceleration 5 to 8 Hz: 7.5 mm amplitude 8 to 500 Hz: 2 g acceleration

## Current comparison protection 7SD511/512 for overhead lines and cables

### Technical data (continued)

<b>Serial interfaces</b>	Operator interface	at the front, not isolated, suitable for connection of a PC
	System interface	potential-free, suitable for coupling to a central data unit
	Protocol	DIN 19 244
	Safety	Hamming distance $d = 4$
	Speed	4800, 9600 or 19 200 baud
	Method	asynchronous
	Connection fibre optic	two integrated FSMA plug connectors for fibre optic connection
	optical wave length	820 nm
	permissible fibre damping distance	max. 8 dB with glass fibre 62.5/125 $\mu\text{m}$ max. 2 km
	Interface to far end	potential-free
	Telegram format	DIN 19 244
	Safety	Hamming distance $d = 4$
	Speed	19 200 baud
	Method	asynchronous
	Connection electrical	similar to V.24/V.28 acc. to CCITT or RS232C acc. to EIA, 2 kV isolated
	distance	max. 1000 m. (suitable only for coupling between 7SD511/512 and fibre optic transmission unit, e. g. PCM 30)
	Connection fibre optic 820 nm interface	two integrated FSMA plug connectors for fibre optic connection
	optical wave length	820 nm
	permissible fibre damping distance	max. 8 dB with glass fibre 62.5/125 $\mu\text{m}$ max. 2 km
	Connection fibre optic 1300 nm interface	two integrated FC plug connectors for fibre optic connection
	optical wave length	1300 nm
	permissible fibre damping distance	max. 19 dB with glass fibre 50/125 $\mu\text{m}$ or 62.5/125 $\mu\text{m}$ max. 13.5 dB with glass fibre 9/125 $\mu\text{m}$ max. 10 to 15 km (depends on fibre cable)
	In the models for panel flush mounting and cubicle mounting isolated supply voltages for connection of an electro-optical converter are connected to terminals	+12 V (max. 100 mA) -12 V (max. 25 mA)
<b>Insulation tests</b>	High-voltage test	2 kV (rms) 50 Hz; 1 min or alternatively 2.8 kV DC; 1 min
	Impulse voltage test	5 kV (peak); 1.2/50 $\mu\text{s}$ ; 0.5 J; 3 positive and 3 negative pulses at intervals of 5 s
<b>Interference tests</b>	High-frequency test (1 MHz test) IEC 255-22-1, Class III	2.5 kV (peak); 1 MHz; $\tau = 15 \mu\text{s}$ ; 400 pulses per s; duration 2 s
	Electrostatic discharges (ESD test) IEC 255-22-2, Class III	8 kV (peak); 5/30 ns; 10 positive discharges
	Radiated electromagnetic field test IEC 255-22-3 (Report), Class III	test with Walkie Talkie 68 MHz, 151 MHz, 450 MHz
	Fast transient test IEC 41 B (CO) 53 (draft), Class III	2 kV (peak); 5/50 ns; 5 kHz; 4 mJ per impulse

## Current comparison protection 7SD511/512 for overhead lines and cables

### Technical data (continued)

<b>Current comparison protection</b>	<p>Setting ranges</p> <p>Steady-state trip limit <math>I_{STAT}/I_N</math></p> <p>Dynamic trip limit <math>I_{DYN}/I_N</math></p> <p>Dynamic trip limit <math>I_{DYN\text{SWITCH-IN}}/I_N</math></p> <p>Times</p> <p>Operating time (two-side infeed)</p> <p>at <math>I = 4 \times</math> setting value <math>I_{DYN}</math></p> <p>at <math>I = 10 \times</math> setting value <math>I_{DYN}</math></p> <p>Additional delay of trip signal</p> <p>Min. trip signal time</p> <p>Reset value <math>I/I_N</math></p> <p>Tolerance of trip characteristic (steady-state, single-side infeed)</p> <p>Frequency range <math>f_N = 50</math> Hz</p> <p><math>f_N = 60</math> Hz</p>	<p>0.5 to 4 (in steps of 0.01)</p> <p>0.2 to 1 (in steps of 0.01)</p> <p>0.2 to 4 (in steps of 0.01)</p> <p>approx. 23 to 33 ms</p> <p>approx. 16 to 26 ms</p> <p>0 to 0.05 s (in steps of 0.01 s)</p> <p>0.05 to 1 s (in steps of 0.01 s)</p> <p>approx. 0.05</p> <p><math>\pm 5</math> % of specified value</p> <p>45 to 55 Hz</p> <p>55 to 65 Hz</p>
<b>Overload protection</b>	<p>Setting ranges</p> <p>Factor <math>k</math> acc. to IEC 255.8</p> <p>Time constant <math>\tau</math></p> <p>Temperature alarm stage <math>\Theta_{alarm}/\Theta_{trip}</math></p> <p>Current alarm stage <math>I_{alarm}</math></p> <p>Trip time characteristic</p> <p>Reset ratios</p> <p>Tolerances</p>	<p>in steps of 0.01</p> <p>in steps of 0.1 min</p> <p>trip temperature</p> <p>1 to 5</p> <p>1 to 999.9 min</p> <p>50 to 100 %</p> <p><math>I_{alarm} \geq I_{max} = k \cdot I_N</math></p> <p><math>t = \tau \lg \frac{I^2 - I_{pre}^2}{I^2 - (k \cdot I_N)^2}</math></p> <p><math>\Theta/\Theta_{alarm}</math> approx. 0.99</p> <p><math>\Theta/\Theta_{trip}</math> approx. 0.99</p> <p><math>I/I_{alarm}</math> approx. 0.99</p> <p>Class 10 % acc. to IEC</p>
<p><b>Setting ranges</b></p> <p><b>Definite-time overcurrent protection</b></p> <p><b>IDMT overcurrent protection</b></p>	<p>Overcurrent phase <math>I &gt;</math> or earth <math>I_E &gt;</math></p> <p>High set current phase <math>I \gg</math> or earth <math>I_E \gg</math></p> <p>Delay times</p> <p>Tolerances</p> <p>Current pick-up value</p> <p>Time</p> <p>Reset time</p> <p>Overcurrent phase <math>I &gt;</math> or earth <math>I_E &gt;</math></p> <p>High set current phase <math>I \gg</math> (DMT) or earth <math>I_E \gg</math> (DMT)</p> <p>Time multiplier <math>t_p</math></p> <p>Pick-up value</p> <p>Characteristics according to IEC 255-4, paragraph 3.5.2 or BS 142</p> <p>Linear current range</p> <p>Tolerances</p> <p>Pick-up value</p> <p>Time</p>	<p><math>I/I_N = 0.1</math> to 15 or 0.1 to 4 respectively</p> <p><math>I/I_N = 0.1</math> to 15 or 0.1 to 10 respectively</p> <p>0 to 60 s or infinity</p> <p><math>\pm 5</math> % of set value</p> <p><math>\pm 1</math> % or <math>\pm 10</math> ms</p> <p>approx. 30 ms</p> <p><math>I_p/I_N = 0.1</math> to 4</p> <p><math>I/I_N = 0.1</math> to 15 or 0.1 to 10 respectively</p> <p>0.05 to 3.2 s</p> <p><math>1.1 \times I_p</math></p> <p>normal inverse, very inverse, extremely inverse</p> <p><math>20 \times I_N</math></p> <p><math>\pm 5</math> %</p> <p><math>\leq 5</math> % for <math>2 \leq (I/I_p) \leq 20</math> and <math>t_p = 1</math></p>
<b>Load monitoring</b>	<p>Operational currents</p> <p>Measurement range</p> <p>Tolerance</p> <p>Overload protection values</p> <p>Conductor temperature</p> <p>Measurement range</p> <p>Tolerance</p>	<p><math>I_{L1}; I_{L2}; I_{L3}; I_E</math></p> <p>0 to 240 % <math>I_N</math></p> <p><math>\leq 2</math> % of rated value</p> <p><math>\Theta/\Theta_{trip}</math> calculated</p> <p>0 to 240 %</p> <p><math>\leq 3</math> % referred to <math>\Theta_{trip}</math></p>
<b>Fault event recording</b>	Fault events	storage of the last three fault events
<b>Fault recording</b>	<p>Phase currents (instantaneous values)</p> <p>Storage time/storage depth</p> <p>Resolution of instantaneous values</p> <p>Holding time</p> <p>Starts recording on</p>	<p><math>i_{L1}; i_{L2}; i_{L3}; i_E</math></p> <p>max. -100 to 2900 ms at <math>f_N = 50</math> Hz</p> <p>max. -83 to 2416 ms at <math>f_N = 60</math> Hz</p> <p>1.25 ms at <math>f_N = 50</math> Hz</p> <p>1.04 ms at <math>f_N = 60</math> Hz</p> <p>until next fault</p> <p>trip, test operation, binary input</p>

## Current comparison protection 7SD511/512 for overhead lines and cables

### Selection and ordering data

Current comparison protection	Order No.									
	7SD51	<input type="checkbox"/>	-	<input type="checkbox"/>	A	<input type="checkbox"/>	-	<input type="checkbox"/>	A0	
without auto-reclose function (AR)		↑		↑	↑	↑		↑		
with single and three-pole auto-reclose function (AR)		1								
		2								
Rated current for AC 50/60 Hz										
1 A										1
5 A										5
Auxiliary voltage supply										
24 V, 48 V DC										2
60 V, 110 V, 125 V DC										4
220 V, 250 V DC										5
Construction										
for panel surface mounting										B
for panel flush mounting/cubicle mounting										C
Software version for 7SD511										
V1 without real-time clock										0
V2 with real-time clock										1
Software version for 7SD512										
V2 with real-time clock										1
Real-time clock										
without										0
with										1
Serial interface to far end										
isolated, hard-wired										0
integrated fibre optic interface										1
										2
Serial interface										
without										A
integrated fibre optic interface										C

# Current comparison protection 7SD511/512 for overhead lines and cables

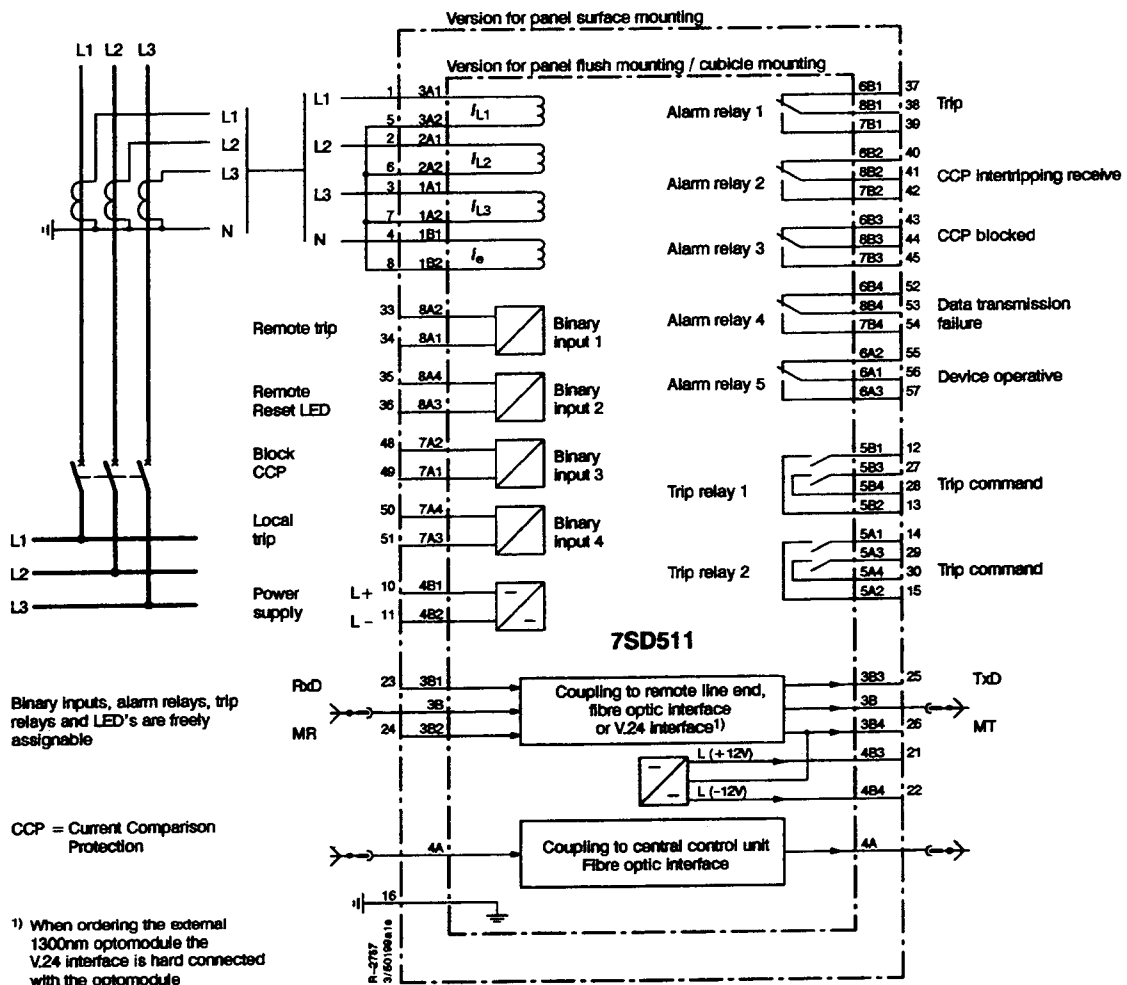
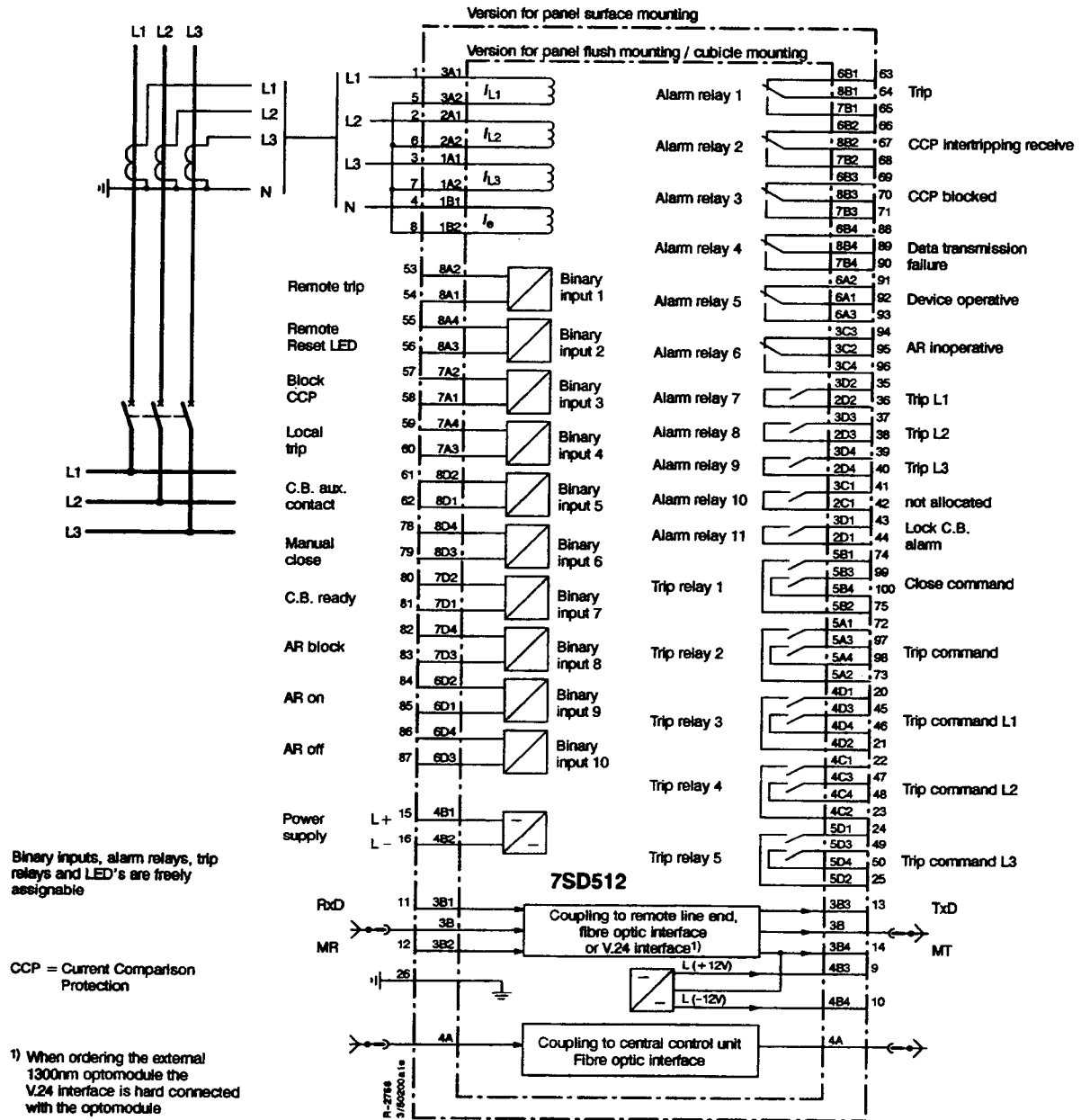


Fig. 5  
Connection diagram for current comparison protection 7SD511

# Current comparison protection 7SD511/512 for overhead lines and cables





## Dimension drawings in mm

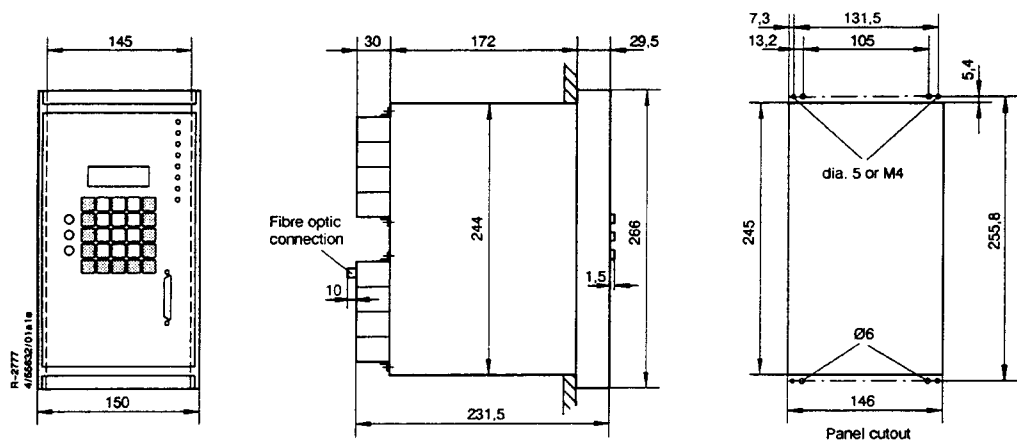


Fig. 7  
7SD511 with housing 7XP2030-2 (for panel flush mounting/cubicle mounting)

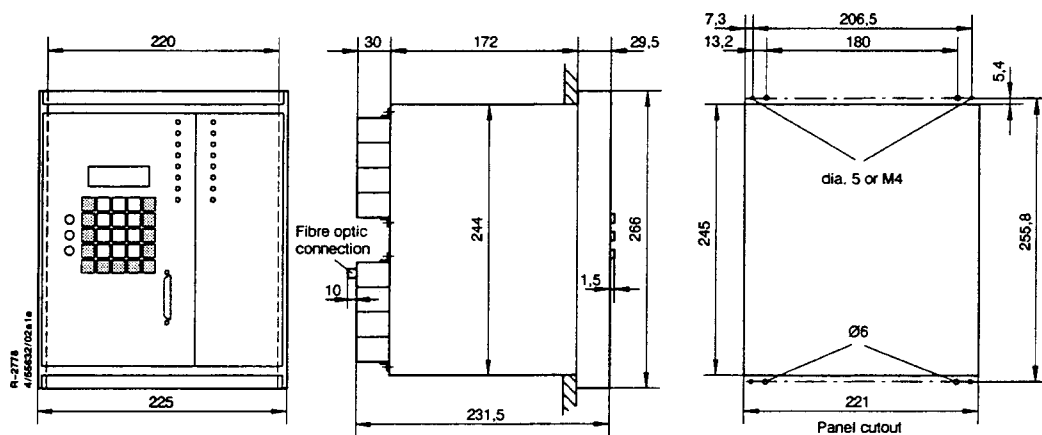


Fig. 8  
7SD512 with housing 7XP2040-2 (for panel flush mounting/cubicle mounting)

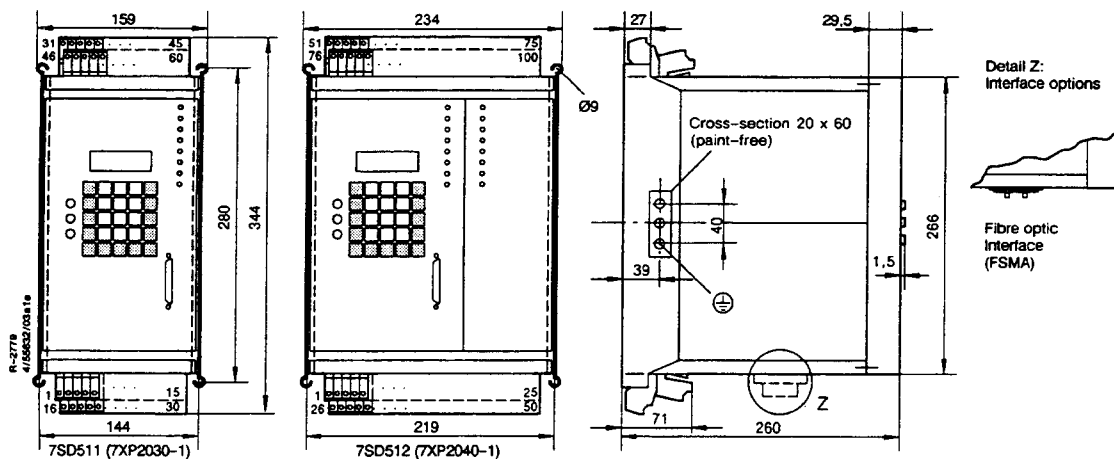


Fig. 9  
7SD511/512 for panel surface mounting

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